

# CERTIFICATION PRACTICE STATEMENT (CPS) (For Qualified Electronic Certificates)

VERSION : 11

DATE : 29.03.2017



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### **1. INTRODUCTION**

TURKTRUST Information, Communications and Information Security Services Inc. (hereinafter "TURKTRUST") operates in the field of electronic certificate services provision pursuant to the Electronic Signature Law no.5070 (hereinafter "the Law") dated 15 January 2004 which was promulgated in the Official Gazette dated 23 January 2004 issue 25355 and enacted on 23 July 2004, and the Regulation and the Communiqué issued pursuant to the Law by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

This documentation named the Certificate Practices Statement (CPS) (For Qualified Electronic Certificates) has been prepared by TURKTRUST, in order to disclose how TURKTRUST performs its operations of certificate services provision, in conformity to the "IETF RFC 3647 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate Policy and Certification Practices Framework" pursuant to Article 7 of the "Communiqué Regarding Processes and Technical Criteria for Electronic Signature" issued by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey under the Law.

This CPS document lays down how administrative, technical and legal requirements related with qualified electronic certificate applications, issuance, management, renewal and revocation procedures are complied with, and specifies the implementation responsibilities of TURKTRUST as the certification authority ("CA") (or, electronic certificate service provider), subscribers and relying parties.

### 1.1. Overview

This CPS document covers all electronic certificate services provided by TURKTRUST. The practice principles included in CPS cover all of TURKTRUST's practices of customer services, registration authorities and issuing certification authorities.

TURKTRUST certification authority conducts operational activities pursuant to this CPS which is a practice document subordinate to the relevant Certificate Policy (CP) (For Qualified Electronic Certificates) document.

The electronic certificate services of TURKTRUST are executed via procedures, instructions and customer guides that are prepared based on practice principles that exist in the CPS document which are documented in accordance with ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System together with ISO 9001 Quality Management System.

TURKTRUST evaluates its Certificate Policy and Certification Practice Statement documents in accordance with related legislation and standards at least once a year in the management review meeting. Due to this evaluation or any requirements arising throughout the year, those documents are revised if necessary.

#### **1.2. Document Name and Identification**

This CPS document is named as the "TURKTRUST Certification Practice Statement (CPS) (For Qualified Electronic Certificates)". The version number and date of the document is provided herein on the cover page.

TURKTRUST CPS document describes how TURKTRUST conducts its activities relating to certification services in accordance with the certificate policy defined in the CP document.



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The CPS document covers practice principles of certificate policies laid down in CP and with object identifier (OID) given below:

 TURKTRUST QEC Policy (2.16.792.3.0.3.1.1.1) covers qualified electronic certificates which allow the use of secure electronic signatures equivalent to hand written signatures of individuals pursuant to the Law, the Regulation and the Communiqué. Qualified electronic certificates aimed for mobile signature usage are also bound by the same policies.

This CPS document is disclosed to the public at the website <u>http://www.turktrust.com.tr</u>.

#### 1.3. Participants

Participants associated with TURKTRUST certification services whose rights and obligations are described in this practice statement are CA units offering certification services, customers receiving the service and users.

### 1.3.1. Issuing Certification Authorities

Issuing certification authorities are the units of CAs responsible for issuing, distributing and publishing qualified electronic certificates. TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities operate within a hierarchy. The primary issuing certification authority has the TURKTRUST root certificate. Other issuing certification authorities who have sub-root certificates issued by this authority issue end user certificates.

According to an agreement between TURKTRUST and the Union of Turkish Bar Associations (TBA), TBA performs QEC issuance and dissemination activities towards a closed user group comprised of lawyers or judges, prosecutors and all other officials working in Turkish Judiciary according to the TURKTRUST CP and CPS documents and a service agreement, through TBA sub-root that is connected to the TURKTRUST root certificate.

### **1.3.2.** Registration Authorities

Registration authorities are CA units that offer services to end users directly such as qualified electronic certificate application, renewal and revocation. These units establish customer records; perform identification and authentication processes and direct relevant certificate requests to issuing certification authorities.

Actions associated with registration centers may be performed by registration units within the TURKTRUST center in response to certificate requests arriving from TURKTRUST sales representatives as well as by registration centers affiliated with TURKTRUST. In both cases, certificate requests are relayed to the TURKTRUST's issuing certification authority and the certificates are issued.

#### **1.3.3.** Subscribers

Subscribers are persons whose issued certificates are based on their verified identity or name.

Verification of identity or name is performed in accordance with the relevant legislation and standards. Consequences due to the use of a certificate and liability of the subscriber are qualified by the relevant legislation and subscriber's commitment.



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### 1.3.4. Relying Parties

Relying parties are those who receive documents signed by the private keys based on the qualified electronic certificates issued by TURKTRUST in the scope of TURKTRUST certification services and who rely on the relevant certificates.

TURKTRUST's disclaimer to the relying parties against the use of certificates issued by TURKRTUST is stated in this CPS.

### **1.3.5.** Other Participants

All certification services within the scope of TURKTRUST certification services such as certificate issuing, publication of repository and similar services are provided by TURKTRUST.

As regards to its certificate services, in order to guarantee that service shall be reliable and proper, and any private or confidential information shall not be disclosed about processes or subscribers, TURKTRUST signs a contract with a cooperating and service providing participant.

### 1.4. Certificate Usage

### **1.4.1.** Appropriate Certificate Usages

TURKTRUST's root and sub-root certificates shall be used only to sign certificates in line with the purposes of use.

TURKTRUST's QEC shall be used to create secure electronic signatures that have the same legal effect as hand written signatures. The following are all appropriate certificate usages: to sign documents and forms in e-state, e-commerce and similar practices, sign all commercial or official documents such as contracts and agreements in electronic medium, sign e-mail message texts, sign transaction instructions over the web, prove identity by client authentication features in network environments that require identification and authentication.

### 1.4.2. Prohibited Certificate Usage

TURKTRUST QEC cannot be used other than designated conditions in the regulations.

### **1.5. Policy Administration**

TURKTRUST, as the authority that lays down the certificate policy, is responsible for administering and registering the CP document to which this CPS document is subordinate.

### **1.5.1.** Organization Administering the CPS Document

All rights and responsibilities associated with this CPS document fall with TURKTRUST.

### 1.5.2. Contact Person

Contact information for this CPS document is as provided below:

TURKTRUST Bilgi İletişim ve Bilişim Güvenliği Hizmetleri A.Ş.			
Address	: Hollanda Caddesi 696.Sokak No: 7 Yıldız, Çankaya 06550 ANKARA		
Telephone	: (90-312) 439 10 00		
Fax	: (90-312) 439 10 01		
Call Center	: 0 850 222 444 6		
E-mail	: <u>sertifika@turktrust.com.tr</u>		
Web	: <u>http://www.turktrust.com.tr</u>		





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### **1.5.3.** Person Determining CPS Suitability for the Policy

TURKTRUST's senior management determines the suitability of this CPS document with the CP document.

### **1.5.4.** CPS Approval Procedure

CPS document is approved by the board of management of TURKTRUST. CPS so approved shall be used to regulate and run the CA activities.

The senior management of TURKTRUST is responsible for ensuring that the certification practices established to meet the applicable requirements specified in this CPS are properly implemented.

### **1.6.** Acronyms and Definitions

### 1.6.1. Acronyms

- **CA** : Certification Authority (Electronic Certification Service Provider)
- **CP** : Certification Policy
- **CPS** : Certification Practice Statement
- **CRL** : Certificate Revocation Policy
- **DN** : Distinguished Name
- **DRC** : Disaster Recovery System
- **ETSI** : European Telecommunication Standards Institute
- **IETF** : Internet Engineering Task Force
- **OCSP**: On-line Certificate Status Protocol
- **OID** : Object Identifier
- **OSC** : Object Signing Certificate
- **PKI** : Public Key Infrastructure
- **QEC** : Qualified Electronic Certificate
- **RFC** : Request for Comment (documents of request for comment, published by IETF as guides)
- **TBA** : Turkish Bar Associations
- **TCKN** : Republic of Turkey the Number of Citizenship.
- **TSE** : Turkish Standards Institution

### 1.6.2. Definitions

**Activation:** An alternative and secure method to the printing and sending a PIN envelope to the subscriber. In this method, subscriber is required to use software by TURKTRUST to "activate" his/her smart card. In order to achieve this, he/she needs to push the button for requesting the "activation code" while the smart card is plugged into the computer. The activation code is sent via SMS which enables him/her to set the PIN value.

**Activation Data:** Data such as passwords, biometric values etc. used to access secure electronic signature creation devices.



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**Archive:** Information, documents and electronic data that the CA has to keep.

**Audit:** All works collectively undertaken to examine the compliance of the CA's activities and operations with the relevant legislation and standards and to find out possible errors, deficiencies, corruptions and/or abuses and impose sanctions as provided by the legislation or standards.

**Certificate Financial Liability Insurance:** Insurance that the CA should carry to cover the damages that would arise from its failure to perform its obligations under the Law.

Certificate Hash: An output of the certificate obtained via the algorithm.

**Certificate Policy:** A document that depicts general rules regarding the CA's functioning.

**Certificate Renewal:** Issuing a new certificate by using all data fields included a certificate including the public key as they are except for the term. A certificate must be valid to be renewed.

**Certificate Revocation List:** An electronic file that has been generated signed and published by the CA to disclose the revoked certificates to the public.

**Certification Authority (CA):** A public agency or institution or natural or legal persons in private law authorized to provide electronic certification, time-stamping and electronic signature services.

**Certification Practice Statement:** A document which describes in detail how the issues included in the certificate policy shall be implemented.

**Communiqué:** The Communiqué Regarding Processes and Technical Criteria for Electronic Signature published by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

**Directory:** An electronic storage which includes valid certificates.

**Distinguished Name (DN) Field**: DN consists of either the subscriber's or the issuer's name. DN may comprise of different subfields like CN, O, OU, T, L and SERIALNUMBER, each of which may exist with the relaxant data depending the type of certificate.

**Electronic Certificate:** Electronic record that associates the public key and identity information of the subject in PKI by using the private key of the Certification Authority.

**Electronic Data:** Records generated, transported or stored in electronic, optical or similar means.

**Electronic Signature:** Electronic data affixed to other electronic data or having logical association with electronic data and used to authenticate identification.

**Hashing Algorithm:** An algorithm which is used to produce a fixed length summary of the electronic data to be signed.

**Institution:** The Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

**Institutional Application:** An application for qualified electronic certificate made by a legal entity on behalf of its employees or customers or members or shareholders.

**Investigation:** All works collectively to determine whether notification served to the institution has met requisite conditions.



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**Issuing Certification Authority:** A unit which is included in the CA structure, issues qualified electronic certificates in response to approved certificate requests, executes certificate revocations, generates, operates and publishes certification logs and certificate revocation status logs.

**Key:** Any of the public or private key.

**Key Pair:** Simultaneously generated public and private key and uploaded to secure signature creation device.

Law: Electronic Signature Law no.5070 dated 15 January 2004.

**Mobile Operator:** The operator which is the corporate applicant for the QECs that will be used for mobile signature purposes and enables the mobile signature user QEC owners to make transactions via the GSM infrastructure.

**Mobile Signature:** The secure electronic signature generated by the QEC owner by mobile communication devices using the related network and service infrastructure.

**Mobil Signature Service:** The service that conforms to the Law and the related legislation and is offered for signatures to be used by users in several services via mobile communication devices.

**On-line Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP):** Standard protocol that has been created to disclose the validity status of certificates to the public, and allows receipt of certificate status information by on-line methods instantly and without interruption.

**Personal Identification Number (PIN):** Data used by the subscriber to use the private key, protected by PIN in a secured environment.

**Private Key:** Data such as passwords, cryptographic private keys etc. which are unique, owned and used by the subject to generate an electronic signature.

**Public Key:** Cryptographic key disclosed to the others in a public key encryption scheme; named as signature verification data in the Law.

**Public Key Infrastructure (PKI):** The architecture, techniques, practices and procedures that collectively support the implementation and operation of a certificate-based public key cryptographic system and based on cryptographic key pairs having mathematical connection.

**Qualified Electronic Certificate:** An electronic certificate which is compliant with the conditions listed in Article 9 of the Law.

**Registration Authority:** A unit which is included in the CA structure, receives qualified electronic certificate applications and renewal applications, executes identification and authentication processes, approves certificate requests and directs to the issuing certification authority, has subunits that handle customer relations under the CA activities.

**Regulation:** The Regulation on Procedures and Principles for Implementing the Electronic Signature Law published by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

**Re-key:** Issuing a new certificate by using all data fields included a certificate as they are except for the public key and the term.



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**Revocation Status Log:** A log which includes revocation data for unexpired certificates and allows determining the exact revocation time and is accessible for third persons fast and securely.

**Root Certificate:** A certificate which associates the CA's institutional identity information with the CA's public key data, has been generated by the issuing certification authority, carries its signature, published by the CA to verify all certificates issued by the CA.

**Secure Electronic Signature:** An electronic signature which has the characteristics listed in Article 4 of the Law, and has the same legal effect as the manual signature for actions other than excluded by the Law.

**Secure Electronic Signature Creation Device:** Signature creation device that has the characteristics listed in Article 6 of the Law.

**Secure Electronic Signature Verification Tool:** Signature verification tool that has the characteristics listed in Article 7 of the Law.

**Signature Creation Device:** Software or hardware tool that uses the private key to create an electronic signature.

**Signature Verification Tool:** Software or hardware tool that uses the public key to verify an electronic signature.

**SIM Card:** The SIM card which hosts various specific applications, works integrated with mobile communication devices, can be used in mobile signature service and subscribers may get from mobile operators.

**Subject:** A person or a server name to appear in the CN field of a certificate.

**Subscriber:** The person on whose behalf a letter of commitment setting the terms and conditions of certificate services is signed with the CA.

**Sub-root Certificate:** Certificate that has been created by the issuing certification authority pursuant to the PKI hierarchy of the CA carries the signature of the CA's root certificate and is used to sign the end user certificates.

**Time Stamp:** An electronic record verified by the Electronic Certification Service Provider to determine the time when an electronic datum has been generated, altered, sent, received and/or recorded.

**Time Stamp Policy:** A document which depicts general rules regarding the time stamping and services

**Time Stamp Practice Statement:** A document which describes in detail how the issues included in the time stamp policy shall be implemented.



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### 2. PUBLICATION AND REPOSITORY RESPONSIBILITIES

TURKTRUST is under obligation to prepare and maintain necessary documents and records concerning the certification services under electronic certification service provision. Some of these documents and records are published to the public to ensure effective provision of certification services to customers and reliability and continuity of certificate usage.

#### 2.1. Repository

TURKTRUST ensures accuracy and up to dateness of all data kept in the repository. TURKTRUST does not employ a trusted third party (person or enterprise) to operate the repository and publish the relevant documents and records.

#### **2.2. Publication of Certificate Information**

Information in the TURKTRUST repository regarding the conduct of certification services are kept public except for the institutional procedures and instructions specific to the operation of the CA and confidential commercial information. Within the scope of qualified electronic certificates, the CP document which includes basic working principles of the CA, the CPS document which describes how these principles are to be implemented, subscriber and CA commitments, customer guides regarding certificates relating to TURKTRUST's electronic certification and time stamping services are published in directory servers and in information repository open to the public. Updated revocation status records are kept public by both OCSP support and through CRLs.

Certificates issued by TURKTRUST are kept public only if the subscribers consent in writing.

The information referred to in this section is kept publicly at the TURKTRUST's web site <u>http://www.turktrust.com.tr</u>.

#### **2.3. Time or Frequency of Publication**

As new versions of the documents referred in Section 2.2 become available, they will be published in the repository along with their old versions.

Certificate and on-line certificate status inquiry logs are constantly published. CRL is published twice a day within 12 (twelve) hour intervals with a validity period of 24 (twenty four) hours whether there is no change for the end user certificates. If any end user certificate is revoked a new CRL is issued within 10 (ten) minutes.

Only exception to the validity period of CRL is the expiry date of root or sub-root certificates. Expiry date of a root or a sub-root certificate is written to the NextUpdate field of the CRL if the next update of the CRL exceeds the validity period of a root or a sub-root certificate.

TURKTRUST operates and maintains its CRL and OCSP capability with resources sufficient to provide a response time of less than ten seconds under normal operating conditions.

### 2.4. Access Control on Repositories

The repository is open to the public. TURKTRUST takes all security measures necessary to ensure authenticity of the published information at <u>http://www.turktrust.com.tr</u>.



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### 3. IDENTIFICATION AND AUTHENTICATION

TURKTRUST authenticates, based on official sources together with all information in accordance with legal and technical requirements, the identification of first time certificate applicants or renewal requestors certificates will be issued.

### 3.1. Naming

### 3.1.1. Type of Names

All certificates issued by TURKTRUST use X.500 distinguished names.

### 3.1.2. Need for Names to be Meaningful

Names on the issued certificates are free of ambiguity and have meanings.

Name fields of qualified individual electronic certificates include the names of subscribers as they appear in their identity documents and verified through up-to-date official identity records. Name fields of root and sub-root certificates include explicitly the commercial title and relevant root information of TURKTRUST.

### **3.1.3.** Anonymity or Pseudonymity of Subscribers

TURKTRUST does not issue QECs that include anonymity or pseudonymity.

### 3.1.4. Interpreting Various Name Forms

Names on certificates should be interpreted according to the X.500 distinguished name form.

### 3.1.5. Uniqueness of Names

Certificates issued by TURKTRUST allow unique identification of subscribers with information contained in DN.

The SERIALNUMBER in DN of a TURKTRUST QEC contains TCKN for Turkish citizens and permanent residents of other nationality, and concatenation of country code ((ISO 3166-1 alpha-3) with passport number for other nationality.

### **3.1.6.** Recognition, Authentication and Role of Trademarks

Not applicable.

### 3.2. Initial Identity Validation

### 3.2.1. Method to Prove Possession of Private Key

Not applicable.

### 3.2.2. Authentication of Organization Identity

In cases where a certificate contains the name of a legal entity shall be verified against the official documents of the country of residence of the applicant and according to the TURKTRUST procedures.

### 3.2.3. Authentication of Individual Identity

Personal information for persons applying for qualified electronic certificates should be verified in the way stated in the laws and based on official documents. When receiving the



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initial application for qualified electronic certificates, authentication shall be made face to face pursuant to the law.

For second and subsequent applications, face to face authentication turns into a must if either of the following is the case:

In cases where

- It passes more than 6 (six) months after the expiry date of the last certificate of the subscriber.
- TCKN or name in DN field in the last certificate of the subscriber is about to change.

In all other cases, telephone, fax messages or e-mail are possible ways of authentication in line with the TURKTRUST procedures.

To verify personal identity in applications for qualified electronic certificates, the originals of one of the official identity documents such as an identity certificate, a driver's license or a passport is submitted and photocopies furnished. TÜRKTRUST confirms that the copies conform to the originals. In cases where professional title needs to be contained in the certificate, submission of the official documentation according to the applicable legislation is a must.

### 3.2.4. Non-verified Subscriber Information

The e-mail addresses in QEC applications are accepted upon the declaration of the applicant and contained in the certificate without further verification.

Such other fields as "S" and "OU" that may appear in DN field of a certificate are also accepted upon the declaration of the applicant as factual information.

### 3.2.5. Validation of Authority

In cases where the name of a legal entity is to be contained in a QEC, the applicant must submit an official document (e.g. Official Gazette).

### 3.2.6. Criteria for Interoperation

Cross or unilateral certification with another electronic certificate service provider for easing interoperability is not applicable.

#### **3.3. Identification and Authentication for Re-key Requests**

#### **3.3.1.** Identification and Authentication for Routine Re-key

The realization of the new key production at the end of the secure usage period of the key pair starts with a new qualified electronic certificate application completed by the user. New certificate application can also be done in electronic media and by signing with the private key attached to the current certificate while the last certificate is still valid.

If any of the data to be contained in the new certificate is about to change, then such change must be based on the official documentation. Change in other subscriber's data, not to be contained in the certificate, is accepted upon the written or electronic declaration of the applicant.

During the routine re-key operations if any kind of hesitation occurs about the subscriber's information telephone verification is executed. If this verification would not been



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found adequate according to TURKTRUST's procedures then face to face verification is executed.

A re-key request for a valid subscriber of QEC cannot be called before 30 (thirty) days prior to the date of expiry of the certificate. A live request lasts for 30 (thirty) days.

The applicant shall be properly informed if a change in terms and conditions of TURKTRUST services has occurred in the period between the initial identity verification and the time of rekey request of the applicant.

#### 3.3.2. Identification and Authentication for Re-key after Revocation

Except the following reasons of revocation, authentication for re-key after revocation is performed as explained in Section 3.3.1:

- Reasons due to incorrect, fault or incomplete data in the certificate.
- Reasons due to incorrect, fault or incomplete data in documentation proving authority, address or else, or complete invalidation of such documentation.
- Reasons due to fact that operational or legal existence of the subscriber ceases or due to strong suspicion that any such event occurs.

Re-key is not applied for the conditions stated here and certificate application procedures are carried out as if an application for the first time is done.

#### **3.4. Identification and Authentication for Revocation Request**

TURKTRUST receives revocation requests in secure ways as described below and performs authentication:

- Subscriber, by using credentials given to him at the application phase, authenticates himself on the web, interactive voice response (IVR) or other TURKTRUST software to suspend or revoke his certificate.
- Subscriber may send revocation request by a fax message. In that case, the certificate is immediately suspended. With the submission of the original copy of the revocation request in writing or at the end of the 30 (thirty) days period of suspension, the certificate is revoked. In the period of suspension, the suspension status is removed if the subscriber declares in writing that reasons of revocation no longer exist.



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### 4. CERTIFICATE LIFE-CYCLE OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

TURKTRUST generates certificates and manage the certificate life-cycle in accordance with the practices set forth in this CPS.

### 4.1. Certificate Application

### 4.1.1. Who Can Submit a Certificate Application?

Any real person free of any legal obstacles may apply for QEC.

Hereby TURKTRUST declares its right to retain and archive all the necessary information that shall be submitted during a certificate application for a period of 20 (twenty) years.

#### 4.1.2. Enrollment Process and Responsibilities

Enrollment of a certificate application is composed of two main steps as described below:

- Certificate enrollment: Certificate application is verified against the documentation and enrolled completely and free of errors.
- Key generation: Public and private key pairs are generated either by TURKTRUST.

TURKTRUST QEC application can be realized with different methods.

TURKTRUST QEC applications can be initiated online at TURKTRUST web site.

For places where TURKTRUST has a local office, applicant may show up at the office or may request on-site application at his own location upon additional payment. In exprEss-Sign applications, the application documents are hand delivered and authentication is performed. In this case, the smart card containing the certificate is also hand delivered.

For places where no local TURKTRUST office exists, applicant must start application process via TURKTRUST web site and make face to face authentication at a notary. The applicant then sends to TURKTRUST, the Letter of Commitment signed by the subscriber and approved by a notary and the attached documents of authentication. Electronic signature package then sent by a courier to be delivered only to the subscriber.

QEC applications aimed at use of mobile signature are made by the mobile operator on behalf of the subscriber. Mobile operator acts as if its subscribers are part of its corporate, and thus collects all the required information and documentation and submits to TURKTRUST.

### 4.2. Certificate Application Processing

### 4.2.1. Performing Identification and Authentication Functions

When processing a QEC application, the identification of the applicant shall be authenticated based on official documents pursuant to the laws. At the initial identity verification, the authentication action is made face to face by TÜRKTRUST or a notary. This may not be required in subsequent applications. During these operations TURKTRUST call center makes contact with the subscriber and verifies the application and gives information about the application procedures.



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QEC applications aimed at use of mobile signature are initiated by a pre-registration on channels provided by the mobile operator. Subsequently, subscriber's information and documentation are obtained via registration offices of the mobile operator. In the course of this process, call center of the mobile operator makes phone calls to the subscriber to enable him to complete application procedure.

### 4.2.2. Approval or Rejection of Certificate Applications

Based on the following conditions, a certificate application is approved:

- According to the principals of Section 3.2 and relevant TURKTRUST procedures, required documentation are completed.
- Contact is made by TURKTRUST call center and application is verified.
- Payment is made.

Occurrence of any of following conditions leads to the rejection of the application:

- According to the principals of Section 3.2 and relevant TURKTRUST procedures, required documentation are not completed.
- Contact is not made by TURKTRUST call center or application is not verified.
- Applicant is not responding timely or satisfactorily to the questions raised for verifying the submitted information and documentation.
- Payment is not made.

### 4.2.3. Time to Process Certificate Applications

QEC applications delivered to TURKTRUST are processed within at most 5 (five) working days. TURKTRUST exprEss-Sign applications are processed within at most 1 (one) working day.

Times given in this section is applicable only if certificate applications are accurate and free of errors, and conform with the principles of Section 3.2 and TURKTRUST procedures.

Certificate is issued within at most 1 (one) working day once a certificate application is accepted with regard to the principles stated in Section 4.2.2

### 4.3. Certificate Issuance

#### 4.3.1. CA Actions during Certificate Issuance

Accepted certificate applications with regard to the principles stated in Section 4.2.2 are processed at TURKTRUST certificate production centers.

### 4.3.2. Notification to Subscriber of Issuance of Certificate

After certificate issuing is completed, the subscriber is informed by e-mail or SMS message.

#### 4.4. Certificate Acceptance

#### 4.4.1. Conduct Constituting Certificate Acceptance

Subscribers are under obligation to review and verify the accuracy of the data in before installing or using the certificate and to notify TURKTRUST and request revocation of certificates which happen to include data that are inaccurate or inconsistent with the certificate applications.



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After exprEss-Sign certificate generation, if the e-signature package that is to be delivered through the related registration authority is not taken by the subscriber within 1 (one) month, the certificate is taken into account as not accepted, revoked and no refund is paid. Likewise, after standard QEC generation, if the e-signature package delivered by courier is not taken by the subscriber within 1 (one) month, the certificate is again taken into account as not accepted, revoked and no refund is paid.

### 4.4.2. Publication of the Certificate by the CA

Qualified electronic certificates are published in the web or directory servers upon subscriber's consent in writing.

### 4.4.3. Notification of Certificate Issuance to Other Entities

Not applicable.

### 4.5. Key Pair and Certificate Usage

### 4.5.1. Subscriber Private Key and Certificate Usage

A subscriber should use his certificate and his private key related to his certificate in accordance with the Law, the Ordinance and other regulatory actions, and stipulations indicated in the CP and CPS documents and the related subscriber's agreement or letters of commitment.

A subscriber is under obligation for protecting the private key related to his certificate against third party access and using the certificate within the scope and authority defined in the legal regulations, CP and CPS documents and the related subscriber's agreements or letters of commitment.

For QEC, the private key activation operation is used. Subscriber determines the activation data through the software supplied by TURKTRUST. QEC owner should:

- Receive in person the secure electronic signature creation device and the relevant activation data, if exists, issued to his name.
- Not allow other people to use his mobile phone and e-mail address for those circumstances when code activation is used.
- Not allow other people to use his access password or secure electronic signature creation device for those circumstances when code activation is used.
- Immediately inform the CA for certificate revocation where the private key and/or the signature creation device is lost, disclosed, altered or used by other persons or any circumstance that may lead to such occurrence arises.

### 4.5.2. Relying Party Public Key and Certificate Usage

Relying parties are under obligation to check the validity of certificates on which they rely and use the certificates within the usage purposes stated in the Law, the Ordinance and other regulatory actions, and the CP and CPS documents.

Certificate validity control should be done under secure and appropriate conditions. Relying parties take necessary precautions if there is any doubt about an adverse situation. In this respect, before relying on a certificate, relying parties should check:

• Whether the certificate is used in accordance with its usage purpose, in particular the certificate is not installed on systems such as nuclear facilities, air traffic control,



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aircraft navigation or weapons control systems where an operational failure may lead to injury, death, or environmental damage.

- Whether the "key usage" field is in accordance with the usage condition of the certificate,
- That the root and sub-root certificates that the certificate is based on are valid, i.e. the root and sub-root certificates neither suspended nor revoked nor expired, and that he recognizes the CA.

Relying parties are under obligation to use secure software and hardware defined by legislation and standards during these operations.

TURKTRUST cannot be held responsible for relying parties not fulfilling the conditions stated here about public key and certificate usage before relying on the certificate.

#### 4.6. Certificate Renewal

Certificate renewal is made by issuing a new certificate where the validity period is extended provided that the information in the certificate remains the same including the public key as well.

In order for a certificate to be renewed, the private key of the certificate should not have been compromised.

For QEC, renewal application cannot be made based on certificates that are expired. With respect to the cryptographic security of the key pair, the total validity period of a certificate shall not exceed 3 (three) years.

#### 4.6.1. Circumstances for Certificate Renewal

A certificate shall be renewed upon the request of the subscriber where certain time remains to the expiry and no changes occur in the information included in the certificate.

An expired certificate may also be renewed provided that the renewal request is done within the validity period of the certificate. This renewal operation is done within at most 30 (thirty) days, otherwise the certificate renewal request is rejected.

#### 4.6.2. Who May Request Renewal

The subscriber may request renewal.

#### 4.6.3. Processing Certificate Renewal Requests

In circumstances where the private key is compromised or the cryptographic security of keys is to be lost along with the renewal period, or the 30 (thirty) day validity period of renewal request expires, the renewal request is rejected.

For QEC, the certificate renewal period is 1 (year) in all cases. Within the validity period, the QEC owner may request renewal via internet with TURKTRUST application by using his/her electronic signature. In this operation, the subscriber signs the renewal request, as well as that demonstrates possession of the private key based on the certificate. Acceptance of the renewal request depends on satisfying all the conditions below:

• A written commitment is taken from the subscriber indicating explicitly that the information given during the previous application is still valid. In case this written commitment is not made available or knowledge of a change in the certificate information is received, then principles of Section 4.7 apply.



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- Along with the renewed certificate, the total validity period of the keys shall not exceed 3 (three) years.
- In case of any indication about compromise of subject's private key, re-key is required.
- Payment is made.

### 4.6.4. Notification of Renewed Certificate Issuance to Subscriber

Policies of Section 4.3.2 apply.

### 4.6.5. Conduct Constituting Acceptance of a Renewal Certificate

Policies of Section 4.4.1 apply.

### 4.6.6. Publication of the Renewal Certificate by the CA

Policies of Section 4.4.2 apply.

### 4.6.7. Notification of Certificate Issuance by the CA to Other Entities

Not applicable.

### 4.7. Certificate Re-key

### 4.7.1. Circumstances for Certificate Re-key

For QEC in the first 3 (three) months of the validity period, a new certificate is issued with re-key without any new documentation of verification if the certificate is erased from the smart card, or the card is lost, or the card malfunctions. The data submitted at the certificate application remains unchanged is prerequisite. In cases where deemed necessary, data remains unchanged shall be checked.

### 4.7.2. Who May Request Certificate Re-keying

A real person may request re-key for a QEC.

### 4.7.3. Processing Certificate Re-keying Requests

In case of any indication or doubt about any change in any information in the QEC, related information and supporting documents are taken again.

### 4.7.4. Notification of New Certificate Issuance to Subscriber

Policies of Section 4.3.2 apply.

### 4.7.5. Conduct Constituting Acceptance of a Re-keyed Certificate

Policies of Section 4.4.1 apply.

### 4.7.6. Publication of the Re-keyed Certificate by the CA

Policies of Section 4.4.2 apply.

### 4.7.7. Notification of Certificate Issuance by the CA to Other Entities

Not applicable.



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### 4.8. Certificate Modification

### 4.8.1. Circumstances for Certificate Modification

Where there occurs any change in the information included in a certificate issued by TÜRKTRUST, such certificate shall be revoked and an application shall be filed for a new certificate with new information.

New certificate application is performed according to the principles stated in Section 4.1.

### 4.8.2. Who May Request Certificate Modification

Policies of Section 4.1.1 apply.

### 4.8.3. Processing Certificate Modification Requests

Policies of Section 3.2 apply.

4.8.4. Notification of New Certificate Issuance to Subscriber

Policies of Section 4.3.2 apply.

### 4.8.5. Conduct Constituting Acceptance of Modified Certificate

Policies of Section 4.4.1 apply.

### 4.8.6. Publication of the Modified Certificate by the CA

Policies of Section 4.4.2 apply.

### 4.8.7. Notification of Certificate Issuance by the CA to Other Entities

Not applicable.

### 4.9. Certificate Revocation and Suspension

### 4.9.1. Circumstance for Revocation

### 4.9.1.1. Subscriber Certificates

Where a certificate loses its validity within the term of use, it shall be revoked. Upon receiving the revocation request for QEC revocation process is completed immediately.. The following circumstances shall require revocation of a certificate:

- Request by the subscriber or the person authorized to represent,
- It is understood that the information regarding a qualified electronic certificate or an application is false or incorrect; TURKTRUST may have the opinion that this requirement may pose plausible evidence. Both the subscriber and the person authorized to represent have this opinion as well.
- After exprEss-Sign certificate generation, if the e-signature package that is to be delivered through the related registration authority, liason or branch offices is not taken by the subscriber within 1 (one) month, or after standard QEC generation, if the e-signature package delivered by courier is not taken by the subscriber within 1 (one) month,
- A change occurs in the information regarding the subject or subscriber included in a certificate's content,



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- It is learned that the subscriber's legal capacity is restricted, or the subscriber is bankrupt or lost in danger of death, or died,
- If an evidence is obtained that the certificate was misused,
- The private key has been lost, stolen, disclosed or a risk of access or use by a third party arises,
- The subscriber has lost his/her control over the private key due to the compromise of activation data or similar reasons,
- The software or hardware in which the private key is located has been lost, broken down or compromised,
- It is understood that or a notification is received indicating the certificate has been used in contradiction to the provisions of the CP and CPS guide documents and TURKTRUST Certificate Subscriber's Letter of Commitment,
- The GSM subscriptions of QEC subscribers who use mobile signature have been terminated by the GSM operator,
- TURKTRUST, in its sole discretion, detects any irregularity while issuing the certificate on the merits of the application of this CPS document,
- The disappearance of the right to give the certificate based on Law,
- The private keys of TURKTRUST's sub-root and root certificates are out of suspicion or compromised,
- TURKTRUST suspends provision of certification services or has not made arrangements for another CA to provide revocation support for the certificate,

### 4.9.1.2. TURKTRUST's Sub-root Certificates

Where a sub-root CA certificate loses its validity within the term of use, it shall be revoked within 7 (seven) days. The following circumstances shall require revocation of a certificate:

- TURKTRUST obtains evidence that the sub-root's private key corresponding to the public key in the certificate suffered a key compromise,
- TURKTRUST obtains evidence that the certificate was misused,
- TURKTRUST is made aware that the certificate was not issued applicable Certificate Policy or Certification Practice Statement documents,
- TURKTRUST determines that any of the information appearing in the certificate is inaccurate or misleading,
- TURKTRUST ceases operations for any reason and has not made arrangements for another CA to provide revocation support for the certificate,
- TURKTRUST's right to issue certificates under these Requirements expires or is revoked or terminated, unless the Issuing CA has made arrangements to continue maintaining the CRL/OCSP Repository,
- Revocation is required by TURKTRUST's Certificate Policy and/or Certification Practice Statement,

### 4.9.1.3. Subordinate CA Certificate



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Where a subordinate CA certificate loses its validity within the term of use, it shall be revoked within 7 (seven) days. The following circumstances shall require revocation of a certificate:

- The Subordinate CA requests revocation in writing,
- The Subordinate CA notifies TURKTRUST that the original certificate request was not authorized and does not retroactively grant authorization,
- TURKTRUST obtains evidence that the Subordinate CA's private key corresponding to the public key in the certificate suffered a key compromise,
- TURKTRUST obtains evidence that the certificate was misused,
- TURKTRUST is made aware that the certificate was not issued in accordance with or that Subordinate CA has not applicable Certificate Policy or Certification Practice Statement,
- TURKTRUST determines that any of the information appearing in the certificate is inaccurate or misleading,
- TURKTRUST or Subordinate CA ceases operations for any reason and has not made arrangements for another CA to provide revocation support for the certificate,
- TURKTRUST's or Subordinate CA's right to issue certificates under these Requirements expires or is revoked or terminated, unless the Issuing CA has made arrangements to continue maintaining the CRL/OCSP Repository,
- Revocation is required by TURKTRUST's Certificate Policy and/or Certification Practice Statement,

### 4.9.2. Who Can Request Revocation

The following people may request revocation:

- The subscriber himself, or the legal entity authorized to represent the subscriber juristic people if there exists a corporate expression in the certificate,
- Secure electronic signature creation device owner,
- Mobile operator for QECs used for mobile signature,
- Subordinate CA's authorized persons, for the certificates that are issued by Subordinate CA,
- TURKTRUST's authorized persons (TURKTRUST center and registration authorities) for end user certificates and root and sub-root certificates where security concerns necessitate.

### 4.9.3. Procedure for Revocation Request

Revocation requests for QECs shall be received in different ways as follows:

- Via TURKTRUST web site, on 7 days 24 hours basis,
- Via the Interactive Voice Response (IVR) system over the telephone number announced to all customers and published openly, on 7 days 24 hours basis,
- Via a declarative statement written by the subscriber (signed papers sent by fax or by post), within official working hours.



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If the subscriber prefers to send the revocation request through internet, he chooses the certificate to be revoked from TURKTRUST web site by logging in with interactive password. Online certificate revocation process is completed by entering the revocation reason after a secondary authentication stage on 7 days 24 hours basis.

If the QEC subscriber prefers to send the revocation request through telephone (IVR), he accesses the IVR system via the related telephone number announced. The subscriber completes the authentication steps by entering his national ID number and the other information requested. Then, the subscriber finishes the suspension or revocation operation for the certificate of which the serial number is indicated, on 7 days 24 hours basis.

Besides, the subscriber may inform TURKTRUST with a hand written certificate revocation request signed manually as an optional choice. When the original copy of the request reaches TURKTRUST authorized personnel, the certificate is revoked by checking the signature on the written request. If the hand written request is delivered by fax, certificate status changed to on hold till the original copy of the request reaches TURKTRUST authorized personnel.

The revocation status after the action shall be notified by e-mail to the subscriber.

For revocation of QECs used for mobile signature, the subscriber notifies revocation request by contacting with mobile operator call center. The authorized person of mobile operator call center enters the revocation request to the system after verifying the user's identity. The revocation request is received via mobile signature service infrastructure by TURKTRUST and revocation process is completed. Revocation status after the completion of process is notified to the subscriber via mobile signature service infrastructure.

If there exists a corporate expression in the certificate, revocation requests for QECs may be obtained from the subscribers as well as from the authorized persons representing the related corporation of companies along the approved revocation applications. After the certificate revocation request is confirmed with a hand written paper coming from the authorized person of the firm, the act of revocation is completed. The revocation status after the action shall be notified by e-mail to the subscriber and organizational authorized personnel.

In circumstances where QECs used for mobile signature shall be revoked by the mobile operator, revocation request is sent to TURKTRUST via mobile signature service infrastructure.

Where a security compromise occurs at TURKTRUST, or a notice is received regarding the existing certificates or a fault is detected in TURKTRUST's internal operation, TURKTRUST may initiate certificate revocation. For all certificate revocations originating from TURKTRUST, the outcome shall be notified by e-mail to certificate users. Where necessary, new certificate issuing operations shall be immediately started after the revocation without demanding any fee.

There is neither a procedure for reinstating a revoked certificate nor a tool made available to anyone to reinstate a revoked certificate. Revocation transaction leads to an immediate update of OCSP and CRL services.

Where root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST are revoked, the status shall be notified in electronic media to all related parties urgently in the shortest possible time. End user certificates that have the signature of the revoked root or sub-root certificates shall also be revoked and users shall be notified by e-mail.



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### 4.9.4. Revocation Request Grace Period

As long as the technical and commercial opportunities allowed, the certificate revocation request is processed within the shortest period of time.

## 4.9.5. Time within which TURKTRUST Must Process the Revocation Request

TURKTRUST immediately resolves all certificate revocation requests transmitted over the web and received through telephone (IVR) uninterrupted, following the approval of the request and authentication of identity. Revocation requests transmitted on paper shall be taken into evaluation in the shortest time possible during working hours and necessary actions shall be completed urgently.

The revocation requests for QECs used for mobile signature are sent to TURKTRUST via mobile signature service infrastructure following necessary authentication carried out by the mobile operator that is the corporate applicant itself and revocation requests are immediately resolved.

### 4.9.6. Revocation Checking Requirements for Relying Parties

Relying parties are under obligation to verify the relevant certificate before relying on an electronic signature transmitted. To verify a certificate's status, updated CRLs published by TURKTRUST or OCSP, the on-line certificate status inquiry service, should be used. TURKTRUST recommends that relying people should use secure electronic signature verification tools when verifying electronic signatures.

### 4.9.7. Certificate Revocation Lists (CRL) Issuance Frequency

TURKTRUST issues a new CRL within 10 (ten) minutes to maintain the consistency of OCSP and CRL services if any end user certificate is revoked. Additionally issues a new CRL at least once a day even if there is no change in the status of end user certificates.

The CRL's for TURKTRUST sub-root certificates are issued at least once a year or upon sub-root certificate revocation.

### 4.9.8. Maximum Latency for CRLs

CRLs are issued within at most 10 (ten) minutes after generation.

### 4.9.9. On-line Revocation/Status Checking Availability (OCSP)

TURKTRUST provides uninterrupted on-line certificate status protocol OCSP support. By this OCSP service which is a real time certificate status inquiry and more reliable than CRLs, the status of certificates may be inquire on-line by appropriate software on the customer side. It is possible by this inquiry to obtain information about the status of a certificate at any specific time (valid, revoked, unknown).

Within the scope of TURKTRUST OCSP service, the responses sent to the client systems are signed using the OCSP responder certificates that are generated for the purpose of signing OCSP responses. Any response for a certificate issued by TURKTRUST is signed using an OCSP responder certificate that is issued by the root or sub root certificate that issued the queried certificate.

### 4.9.10. On-line Revocation/Status Checking Requirements

It is recommended that relying people when inquiring the status of certificates should prefer OCSP if their technical capabilities allow, or opt for CRL as a second alternative.



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### 4.9.11. Other Forms of Revocation Advertisements Available

TURKTRUST does not employ any method other than OCSP and CRL for advertising revocation status.

### 4.9.12. Special Requirements regarding Key Compromise

Where a security compromise occurs at TURKTRUST, end user certificates affected by the incident shall be revoked by TURKTRUST. If the root or sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST need to be revoked, end user certificates that have the signature of such certificates shall also be revoked and subscribers shall be informed by e-mail.

The compromise incident and its effects shall be notified by TURKTRUST to subscribers and relying parties urgently over the public website and where necessary via the press media.

In case of a CA compromise notification, subscribers shall no longer be allowed to use their certificate.

TURKTRUST is responsible for starting to issue new certificates after revocation in cases of all certificate revocations originating from TURKTRUST.

#### 4.9.13. Circumstances for Suspension

Where the source of a QEC revocation request could not be verified, TURKTRUST shall suspend, rather than revoke, the certificate in question until the verification is finalized, or upon a request where the end user is unsure whether any circumstance that requires revocation does exist.

### 4.9.14. Who Can Request Suspension

Policies of Section 4.9.2 apply.

### 4.9.15. Procedure for Certificate Suspension

Policies of Section 4.9.3 apply except for the situations defined below:

Where a security compromise occurs at TURKTRUST, or a notice is received regarding for existing QEC, TURKTRUST may suspend relevant certificates until the revocation requirement is validated. A certificate suspension process initiated by TURKTRUST may originate from registration authorities or issuing certification authorities. For all certificate suspensions originating from TURKTRUST, the outcome shall be notified by e-mail to certificate users.

TURKTRUST's root and sub-root certificates shall not be suspended.

### 4.9.16. Limits on Suspension Period

QECs suspended by TURKTRUST, where the source of a QEC revocation request could not be verified, shall remain suspended until the finalization of verification or the period is over. Certificate, suspended where the subscriber is not sure whether any circumstance that requires revocation exists, shall be revoked when the subscriber reconfirms the request for revocation.

In both cases, the duration of suspension may not exceed 30 (thirty) days. Those still in suspension at the end of this period shall be automatically revoked for security reasons.

Where it is understood while QECs are suspension that there is no circumstance that requires revocation, such certificates may be taken out of suspension and moved into the valid status.

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### 4.10. Certificate Status Services

Certificates issued by TURKTRUST shall be published over the web accessible to all subscribers and relying parties provided that subscribers consent in writing. Certificates may be published in a manner accessible directly on the web or via LDAP directory server.

Certificate status inquiries shall be made by two different methods: Certificate Revocation List (CRL) and On-line Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP).

### 4.10.1. Operational Characteristics

TURKTRUST publishes CRL twice a day within 12 (twelve) hour intervals with a validity period of 24 (twenty four) hours even if there is no change in the status of certificates. If any end user certificate is revoked a new CRL is issued within 10 (ten) minutes to maintain the consistency of OCSP and CRL services.

Only exception to the validity period of CRL is the expiry date of root or sub-root certificates. Expiry date of a root or a sub-root certificate is written to the NextUpdate field of the CRL if the next update of the CRL exceeds the validity period of a root or a sub-root certificate.

TURKTRUST provides on-line certificate status protocol OCSP support. It is possible by this inquiry to obtain real time information on the status of a certificate any time (good, revoked or unknown).

#### 4.10.2. Service Availability

TURKTRUST provides CRL and OCSP services under conditions stated in Section 4.10.1 without interruption 7 days 24 hours. TURKTRUST uses backup systems to prevent interruption of OCSP service.

TURKTRUST certificate services given from the Headquarters are always sustained with sufficient level of infrastructure for availability and fail over purposes. In case where a situation beyond the control of TURKTRUST arises that leads to interruption of services, by the crisis management squad defined in TURKTRUST's business continuity procedure, TURKTRUST DRC shall be put into use not later than 2 hours of the situation.

#### 4.10.3. Optional Features

Not applicable.

#### 4.11. End of Subscription

Subscription ends upon the expiry of the term of a certificate or the revocation of a certificate.

#### 4.12. Key Escrow and Recovery

In case private key is generated by TURKTRUST itself, TURKTRUST does absolutely not store or re-generate these data. Moreover, TURKTRUST does not hold any data it could re-generate it.

#### 4.12.1. Key Escrow and Recovery Policy and Practices

Not applicable.

### 4.12.2. Session Key Encapsulation and Recovery Policy and Practices

Not applicable.

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### 5. FACILITY, MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL CONTROLS

This section of the CPS document covers non-technical security controls that TURKTRUST practices to ensure facility and operation safety when performing certification services.

### **5.1.** Physical Controls

### 5.1.1. Site Location and Construction

The TURKTRUST center has been established on secure premises protected against external threats, and high-security areas and various security areas have been designated within the facility.

### 5.1.2. Physical Access

Physical access to areas within the TURKTRUST center is constantly controlled.

The perimeter of the facility has been surrounded by protection to prevent uncontrolled access or exit. Security personnel man all entry-exit points to the center. Physical access to secure areas is allowed via the pass card entry control system. Unauthorized persons are prohibited to enter certain areas. High-security areas where basic certificate generation is carried out are always closed to unauthorized access. Entries and exits are logged. As an additional security measure, critical areas and passes are monitored by cameras and daily recording of cameras is kept for security reasons.

The physical access for the QEC generation area in the Union of Turkish Bar Associations' is also consistently controlled. The perimeter of the facility is surrounded by proper protection to prevent uncontrolled access or exit according to 7 day 24 hour basis. Unauthorized access is prevented via the pass card entry control system.

### 5.1.3. Power and Air Conditioning

Uninterrupted power supplies have been installed to operate all hardware and equipment used at the TURKTRUST center. Systems are supported by uninterrupted power supplies and generators which will immediately be enabled in cases of power interruption. Maintenance for standby power units is regularly performed and their capacities are developed according to requirements.

Particularly in areas where computer hardware is concentrated, adequate and uninterrupted ventilation is provided. Appropriate heating and cooling systems are used and temperature and humidity are kept under control to ensure optimal climatic conditions inside the building.

### 5.1.4. Water Exposures

The TURKTRUST center is protected against floods and water exposures due to natural disasters by way of construction measures. The outer surface and ground layer of the building are water-tight. Necessary insulation has been provided to prevent the underground water leaking into the building.

To prevent internal water exposures that may occur due to failures in the water and sewage system, the plumbing has been built appropriately, and the water flow inside the building is taken under control by passing the water channels through main plumbing routes. No water or sewage routes pass through the sections and areas where critical hardware and equipment are located.



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Adequate water discharge systems have been installed to dispose of water floods which might occur despite all construction measures without damaging the existing system.

### 5.1.5. Fire Prevention and Protection

An appropriate lightning arrestor system has been installed to prevent fires due to lighting in the TURKTRUST building. To prevent fires that may originate from electrical contacts, high quality appropriate materials have been used for the electrical installation, and electrical fuses of adequate rating have been installed in power systems. Open flames are not used in areas other than the kitchen and certain limited and designated areas; and the rule of no smoking is strictly enforced inside the building.

Smoke and heat detectors have been installed at appropriate locations in the facility to detect probable fires and prevent them from spreading. An embedded fire extinguishing system exists which will activate automatically in case of a fire alarm. This embedded system utilizes different physical and chemical fire extinguishing materials depending on various areas of the building. In addition, fire extinguishing units of appropriate chemical and physical characteristics have been place at appropriate locations in the building, and the staff has been trained in fire intervention at critical equipment and areas.

### 5.1.6. Media Storage

Backups of all records generated during the activities of TURKTRUST are kept in appropriate storage media. Such backups are stored in a fire and water protected area inside the building where all physical and electromagnetic security precautions are taken, access is secured and provided through only by procedural controls.

### 5.1.7. Waste Disposal

All information and documents relating to basic certification services stored in electronic or paper medium shall be destroyed and disposed of pursuant to relevant procedures if they need not be stored. Cryptographic modules, when should be disposed of, shall reset according to the manufacturer's technical instruction documents and physically disposed.

All other waste of the building and TURKTRUST units shall be removed appropriately out of the facility.

### 5.1.8. Off-site Backup

TURKTRUST, to ensure business continuity of certification services, keeps the backups of electronic records in DRC and secure safes off-site in order to re-start operation of its systems in case of a disaster that may occur to the existing facilities and the building.

### **5.2. Procedural Controls**

### 5.2.1. Trusted Roles

Trusted roles have been designated to perform all electronic certification business processes to organize the employees of TURKTRUST:

- **Executive Managers:** Managers technically and administratively responsible for running TURKTRUST's CA services.
- **Customer Services Officers:** Employees responsible for routine certification services such as customer services, document control, processes relating to certificate registration, generation, suspension for QEC and revocation.



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- **Security Officers:** Employees responsible for administering the implementation of the security policies and practices.
- **System Administrators:** Employees authorized to install, configure and maintain CA systems and also authorized to perform system backup and recovery.
- **System Auditors**: Employees authorized to view archives and audit logs of CA systems.
- **Security Personnel:** Serving as security personnel who are responsible of physical security of the entire TURKTRUST facilities.

### 5.2.2. Number of Persons Required per Task

A multi-person controlled system has been established at TURKTRUST to perform critical operations in certification processes.

All generation, renewal, revocation, disposal and backup operations relating to TURKTRUST root and sub-root certificates can be performed by at least two authorized persons present and upon the issuance of approved duty instructions to the relevant authorized persons.

### 5.2.3. Identification and Authentication for Each Role

Employees appointed to trusted roles within TURKTRUST shall be first identified to the security system with their designated authorities first. Thus, authentication shall be performed for persons in such roles prior to each critical operation. After the authentication is successfully completed, the operation is allowed, and logged after completion.

### 5.2.4. Roles Requiring Separation of Duties

While the certification process is operated, the entirety of sequential operations made on the same certificate shall be performed by different persons at different process points. Duties have been distributed to separate roles and thereby a single person is prevented from performing the entirety or a large part of the work in the process. Each operation is logged so as to include detailed place and time data based on roles.

Specifically, a user that is authorized to assume a Security Officer or Customer Services Officer role is not authorized to assume a System Auditor role. A user that is authorized to assume a System Administrator role is not authorized to assume a Security Officer or a System Auditor role.

### **5.3. Personnel Controls**

### 5.3.1. Qualifications, Experience and Clearance Requirements

Personnel employed at TURKTRUST have appropriate educational levels (high school, baccalaureate degree, master's degree etc.) with qualifications to perform certification processes accurately and reliably, are knowledgeable and trained in their fields, have experience in similar works and have passed all the security checks.

### 5.3.2. Background Check Procedures

TURKTRUST assesses in detail personal backgrounds and references of personnel employed at TURKTRUST, and makes sure that they are technically and administratively suitable. Criminal records certificate shall be required of personnel found to be suitable and security investigation shall be conducted as necessary.



#### 5.3.3. **Training Requirements**

TURKTRUST's personnel undergo training for their responsibilities prior to commencing their works. Employees shall be trained and informed in detail, throughout the training period, on basic certification business processes, customer services, procedures and instructions relating to operation of registration authorities and issuing certification authorities, information security principles and the existing information security management system, and units of software and hardware employed.

Employees working at registration authorities undergo training to the extent required for their duty roles.

#### **Retraining Frequency and Requirements** 5.3.4.

Training provided to employees shall be repeated periodically and as necessary after the initial training prior to commencing work. In light of results of continuous assessment and evaluation studies, personnel's training needs shall be identified and additional training sessions may be organized to increase work efficiency in addition to the periodical training. The topics and scope of training provided shall be continuously updated and refreshed in accordance with the advancing technology and renewed software and hardware units.

#### **Job Rotation Frequency and Sequence** 5.3.5.

TURKTRUST's security personnel and operators shall be subjected to rotation in subduties within their field of work. Unless there is a permanent change of assignment, no routine rotations shall be made between different fields of work.

#### 5.3.6. Sanctions for Unauthorized Actions

Appropriate disciplinary actions shall be imposed pursuant to TURKTRUST's human resources instructions on those TURKTRUST personnel who attempt unauthorized actions. If TURKTRUST or customers of TURKTRUST suffer damages due to such unauthorized action, this damage shall be recovered from the relevant employee.

TURKTRUST further refers those who commit unauthorized actions to judicial authorities to ensure institution of proceedings against them pursuant to the Law, the Regulation and the Communiqué.

#### **Independent Contractor Requirements** 5.3.7.

For operations carried out by way of subcontractors within certification processes, TURKTRUST signs a service contract with the contractor company. This service contract stipulates the security clauses and service principles required by TURKTRUST.

#### 5.3.8. **Documentation Supplied to Personnel**

TURKTRUST's personnel are supplied with the CP and CPS documents, operational and security procedures and instructions relating to certification processes, job descriptions arranged to specific roles of employees, user's guides of software and hardware.

#### 5.4. Audit Logging Procedures

#### 5.4.1. **Types of Events Recorded**

Records relating to all certification services within the certification life cycle are kept by TURKTRUST. Included among such records are certificate application records, all records of customer requests relating to issued, renewed, suspended and revoked, records relating to issued and published certificates and CRLs, operational records of TURKTRUST units having

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trusted roles, employees' entry and exit records to/from TURKTRUST and their accesses to system modules, records relating to document monitoring, software and hardware installation, updating and repair records.

When logging operations, the description of an operation, the person who performed the operation, date and time of the operation and result of the action are logged. Exact time of logs are taken from the related servers that are synchronized by the time source used for time-stamping services.

# 5.4.2. Frequency of Processing Log

Audit records are logged continuously and, backed up and archived periodically.

#### 5.4.3. Retention Period for Audit Log

Audit logs for TURKTRUST's operations shall be retained during active life cycle in the system. Upon expiry of this period, they will be archived pursuant to the legislation.

# 5.4.4. Protection of Audit Log

Audit logs are protected by physical and electronic security measures, and kept open for access by authorized personnel only. The data integrity of audit logs is ensured by keyed hashing method.

#### 5.4.5. Audit Log Backup Procedures

Logs are periodically backed up pursuant to the related procedures.

#### 5.4.6. Audit Collection System (Internal vs. External)

Audit logs are kept by the CA management software used in carrying out CA business processes.

#### 5.4.7. Notification to Event-Causing Subject

Where audit logs are created other than routine operations, the event causing subject is warned by the system. Depending on the type and significance of the event, the system may also inform person(s) who may have higher authority level in charge of the subject causing the event.

# 5.4.8. Vulnerability Assessments

Audit logs are reported on the system. By analyzing these reports, security gaps in the system and fault points in certification processes shall be identified and measures shall be taken.

#### 5.5. Records Archival

#### 5.5.1. Types of Records Archived

Pursuant to TURKTRUST's operation, all audit logs stated in Section 5.4, applications, requests and instructions relating to certification processes, all supporting documents obtained on paper and subscriber's agreement (or letter of commitment), all correspondence with customers, all generated certificates and CRLs, all versions of CP and CPS documents, all practice procedures, instructions and forms shall be archived according to the TURKTRUST archival procedures. While a large portion of archives is retained in electronic medium, such materials kept on paper as correspondence; forms, documents, customer files and company information are archived in paper medium.



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# 5.5.2. Retention Period for Archive

Archives relating to TURKTRUST's operation regarding QECs shall be retained for at least 20 (twenty) years.

#### 5.5.3. Protection of Archive

Archives are protected by physical and electronic security measures, and kept open for access by authorized personnel only.

Electronic archives are protected against unauthorized viewing, modification or deletion. Archives on paper are retained in special units to which only authorized personnel can access.

# 5.5.4. Archive Backup Procedures

Backups of electronic archives are retained pursuant to the related procedures. No backup is made for archives on paper.

# 5.5.5. Requirements for Time-Stamping of Records

All electronic archive records are kept by TURKTRUST bundled with time data.

# 5.5.6. Archive Collection System

Archive logs are collected using the TURKTRUST archive management system according to the related procedures.

# 5.5.7. Procedures to Obtain and Verify Archive Information

Controlled access is provided for TURKTRUST's archives upon the request of the Institution or as required by laws.

#### 5.6. Key Changeover

Re-keying actions for root and sub-root certificates of the issuing certification authorities under TURKTRUST shall be administered by the TURKTRUST center.

Where the expiry of a root certificate draws closer, the term of an end user certificate to be issued shall be designated not to go beyond the expiry of any of the associated root certificates.

#### 5.7. Compromise and Disaster Recovery

#### 5.7.1. Incident and Compromise Handling Procedures

Where events or security compromises occur which would prevent TURKTRUST's operations, intervention is made pursuant to TURKTRUST's disaster management procedures and business continuity plans. Violation events that were recognized and reported by TURKTRUST personnel and intervention to security breaches and troubleshooting methods are clearly mentioned in related documents.

There exists a Certificate Security Problem Notification Form on TURKTRUST web site for TURKTRUST subscribers or third parties to notify security troubles encountered during their certificates' usage. The security breach notification submitted here is evaluated by TURKTRUST and if deemed necessary, TURKTRUST return is made within the shortest period of time.



#### 5.7.2. Computing Resources, Software and/or Data Are Corrupted

Where computing resources are damaged, software units or operational data are corrupted; the damaged hardware in the facility shall first be made up and running again. Then, lost records shall be re-created by backup systems and certification services shall be reactivated. If it cannot be made fully operational or some of the records cannot be re-created, all subscribers and relying people that may be affected shall be urgently notified. Where necessary, certain certificates shall be revoked and new certificates shall be issued.

#### 5.7.3. Entity Private Key Compromise Procedures

Where security and trustworthiness of TURKTRUST private keys are compromised, the relevant certificates shall be revoked pursuant to TURKTRUST's business continuity plans and new private keys shall be generated and enabled pursuant to Section 5.6. New certificates shall be issued to replace the revoked certificates according to procedures and all subscribers and relying people that may be affected shall be urgently notified.

#### 5.7.4. Business Continuity Capabilities after a Disaster

TURKTRUST has established a disaster recovery center (DRC) outside the Headquarters. Data stored at TURKTRUST Headquarters are backed up to ensure the business continuity after a disaster. In particular, real time web services such as OCSP and CRL can be made available in a maximum period of 2 hours through DRC once a need arises. Similarly, other mandatory certificate services such as suspension, revocation etc. can be evoked at DRC to serve without loss of data or business interruption on a 24x7 hours basis. As regards to controls ensuring robustness of this policy, periodic practices are conducted according to the related procedures.

Where events or security compromises occur which would prevent TURKTRUST's operations, intervention is made pursuant to TURKTRUST's disaster management procedures and business continuity plans.

#### 5.8. Termination of TURKTRUST Operations

Where TURKTRUST is to terminate its certification services, it shall notify this case to the Institution and announce to the public at least 3 (three) months in advance pursuant to the Law and the Regulation. TURKTRUST shall, pursuant to the termination of operations procedures, turn over to another CA all data, documents and records relating to the existing certificates within 1 (one) month pursuant to the Law. The Institution may allow an extension of no more than 1 (one) month if so deems appropriate. If the turn over operations could not be completed within the specified time, TURKTRUST shall revoke relevant certificates and notify all related parties through public notice and direct e-mails to subscribers. In such case, TURKTRUST generates the last CRL log and destroys its own private key and backups.



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# 6. TECHNICAL SECURITY CONTROLS

This section of the CPS document describes security controls for the management of private keys and activation data used in business processes relating to TURKTRUST certification services and for the technical infrastructure and certification services operation.

#### 6.1. Key Pair Generation and Installation

#### 6.1.1. Key Pair Generation

Key pairs for TURKTRUST root and sub-root certificates are generated pursuant to the TURKTRUST procedures for key generation, dissemination and disposal for root certificates under the dual control of authorized personnel as described in Section 5.1.2 in a technically and administratively secured environment. Private keys are protected against unauthorized access by physical and technical security measures. Dual control for this process is achieved by password controls and biometric checks. The system is evoked only if each of the two authorized persons logs into the system successively by entering password credentials and biometric data.

In all cases where TURKTRUST handles key generation, key pairs are generated in hardware security modules that have at least EAL 4+ or FIPS 140-2 Level 3 security level. The length of the key pairs and algorithms used are made to be compatible with current legislation and standards. The life of the key pair generated is limited in the same way up-to-date legislation, standards, and the lifetime of the keys with respect to cryptographic security. It is provided to continue to serve without interruption by generating a new key pair and a certificate within a suitable time margin before the validity period ends for TURKTRUST root and sub-root certificate.

TURKTRUST HSMs are kept and operated under physical and electronic protection against all types of intervention. The secure backup of the data in HSMs are taken and stored according to the procedures. Thus when an HSM completes its physical and economic lifetime, the private keys on the HSM are destroyed as described in Section 6.2.10 while keeping the relevant backups in other media to be used in new HSM devices.

QEC sub-root key generation for the Union of Turkish Bar Associations (TBA) is performed according to the same procedure for sub-root generation in TURKTRUST Headquarters. The hardware security module which is used for TBA's sub-root generation has the same security level as TURKTRUST's hardware security modules where TURKTRUST's other root and sub-root certificates reside.

The signature creation and verification data for QEC owners are produced at TURKTRUST side. It is performed in hardware security modules having the appropriate security level in TURKTRUST certificate production center. In this case, the private keys that belong to subscribers are neither kept nor copied at TURKTRUST.

#### 6.1.2. Private Key Delivery to Subscriber

For QEC the key pair is generated in TURKTRUST Headquarters with the authentication and confirmation of 2 (two) authorized staff with their passwords and biometrical data simultaneously. Access password for key pair generated during this operation is set by the system randomly and written to the secure signature creation device. Secure electronic signature creation device including the key pair is sent to registration authorities. The signature



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creation data in a secure electronic signature creation device may be delivered to its owner by courier or TURKTRUST or TBA officials in exchange for owner's authentication and signature. Access password of the secure electronic signature creation device is set by the certificate owner via activation method.

In QEC applications aiming mobile signatures usage, the key pair is generated in the SIM card of the subscriber and signature verification data is conducted to TURKTRUST for certificate production via mobile signature service infrastructure..

In QEC applications aiming mobile signatures usage, the signature creation data is generated in the SIM card of the subscriber. The mobile signature PIN code which provides access to signature creation data for mobile signature usage is determined by the subscriber with the help of SIM card software.

#### 6.1.3. Public Key Delivery to the ECSP

In QEC applications for mobile signature usage, the signature creation data which is generated in the SIM card by the owner of SIM card is sent to TURKTRUST over mobile signature service infrastructure for certificate issuance.

#### 6.1.4. TURKTRUST Public Key Delivery to Relying Parties

TURKTRUST root and sub-root certificates are published at <u>http://www.turktrust.com.tr</u> accessible by relying people. The thumbprint information that belongs to root certificates shall be published in three (3) most circulated newspapers in Turkey. Thus, relying people may use public keys of TURKTRUST.

#### 6.1.5. Key Sizes

TURKTRUST certificates comply with minimum key lengths specified in the Communiqué.

TURKTRUST's root and sub-root certificates are 2048 bit length when and if RSA keys are used.

For all end user certificates issued by TURKTRUST, 2048 bit RSA key pairs are used.

The information about digest algorithm used in qualified electronic certificates issued by TURKTRUST is given Section 7.1.3.

#### 6.1.6. Key Generation and Quality Checking

Key generation takes place at the TURKTRUST center, key pairs are generated in hardware security modules that have appropriate security levels in accordance with the parameters specified in the Communiqué.

#### 6.1.7. Key Usage Purposes

End user keys generated under TURKTRUST certification services shall be used for authentication and electronic signature purposes.

Keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities shall be used for signing certificates and CRLs.

Keys of OCSP server certificates of TURKTRUST shall be used for signing OCSP responses.

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Usage purposes of keys are indicated in key usage fields of X.509 v3 certificates.

#### 6.2. Private Key Protection and Cryptographic Module Engineering Controls

# 6.2.1. Cryptographic Module Standards and Controls

Key pair generation and certificate and CRL signing operations at TURKTRUST are realized in secure cryptographic hardware modules, i.e. HSMs, conforming to the standards specified in the Communiqué. Before using these HSM devices for the first time after procurement, controls are applied to ensure that these devices are not tampered with during shipment and while stored. Factory packaging and security seals are checked upon receiving the devices and these HSMs are stored and used in physically and technically secured working areas. During the whole life time of HSMs, the devices are kept under continuous control regarding their functionality and any possible incidents are managed according to the incident management procedure.

Private keys of subscribers of QECs are generated by TURKTRUST, they are loaded into smart cards, smart bars and similar secure electronic signature creation devices conforming to the standards specified in the Communiqué. Private keys in the secure electronic signature creation devices are prevented from removal, modification or reproduction.

#### 6.2.2. Private Key Multi-Person Control

Unauthorized access is prohibited to root and sub-root certificates of issuing certification authorities under TURKTRUST. In addition to physical and technical access controls, the use of such private keys is only possible by two separate authorized persons connecting to the relevant module and approval by the system. It is never allowed in the system that one single authorized person alone can use TURKTRUST's private keys.

Private keys of QECs shall be stored only in the password controlled, secure electronic signature creation devices which are under the responsibility of subscribers. Private keys cannot be used unless the password to the tool is known. Password security is ensured by the tool's hardware.

#### 6.2.3. Private Key Escrow

Private keys of TURKTRUST root and sub-root certificates are escrowed via physical and technical access controls. Also usage of these private keys are only possible when two different authorized staff's authentication to the related module simultaneously and confirmation by the system.

Private keys of end user certificates issued by TURKTRUST are strictly not escrowed by TURKTRUST, nor are such keys copied.

#### 6.2.4. Private Key Backup

Private keys of end user certificates issued by TURKTRUST are not backed up, or copied.

In order to ensure continuity of services in case of a disaster or a problem, the private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification centers are kept under physical and technical security controls with respect to TURKTRUST root certificates key production, dissemination and disposal procedure.

The private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST are backed up in secure tokens that are EAL4+ or FIPS 140-2 Level 3 certified. These tokens are stored off-



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site in secured vaults. In need of a key recovery, these tokens can be used with appropriate credentials and by authorized persons to reload the private keys into the relevant HSMs. These backup and recovery operations for private keys are conducted under the dual control of authorized personnel as described in Section 5.2.2 in a technically and administratively secured environment.

# 6.2.5. Private Key Archival

Not applicable.

#### 6.2.6. Private Key Transfer into or from a Cryptographic Module

Private keys of CA root and sub-root certificates are generated in secure cryptographic hardware modules. These keys cannot in any way be taken out of the module except for transfer into secure modules used for backup purposes. The backup operation is realized in encrypted form on the cryptographic hardware module.

The key pair is generated in the secure cryptographic hardware modules that have appropriate security levels and transported to the secure electronic signature creation devices of subscribers of QECs.

#### 6.2.7. Private Key Storage on Cryptographic Module

Private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities are stored on cryptographic hardware modules where they are generated and which have security levels specified in the Communiqué.

Where private keys of subscribers of QECs are stored on cryptographic hardware modules where they are generated and which have security levels specified in the Communiqué. Private keys in the secure electronic signature creation devices are prevented from removal, modification or reproduction.

#### 6.2.8. Method of Activating Private Key

Private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities shall be activated in the presence of two authorized on the hardware security module in which they are.

Private keys of QECs shall be activated by entering password to the secure electronic signature creation device.

The subscriber is responsible for the unauthorized use of the activation data by other persons, taking necessary measures to prevent data theft or loss.

#### 6.2.9. Method of Deactivating Private Key

Private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities shall be activated only for a certain length of time and a specific operation on the hardware security module in which they are, and deactivated upon completion or time-out of the operation. To use the private keys again, the authorized persons should be identified to the system and the private keys should be activated again.

Private keys of QECs shall be activated for a certain length of time upon password entry to the secure electronic signature creation device, and deactivated at operation time-out. Also, the subscriber may, at his will, deactivate the private key. To use the private key again, the subscriber should enter the password to the secure electronic signature creation device.



#### 6.2.10. Method of Destroying Private Key

All copies of the private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities that reside on active HSM devices are destroyed upon expiry of the certificate only by authorized persons using the key deletion function of related HSM sand the operations performed are logged according to procedures. For this operation, at least two persons should be present.

Private keys associated with QECs and stored in the secure electronic signature creation devices could be destroyed by deletion of the key from the device or destroying the device itself.

# 6.2.11. Cryptographic Module Rating

Private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities are generated in cryptographic hardware modules that have security levels specified in the Communiqué.

Private keys of QECs are stored in secure electronic signature creation devices that have security levels specified in the Communiqué.

# 6.3. Other Aspects of Key Pair Management

#### 6.3.1. Public Key Archival

Public keys associated with root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities are stored for 20 (twenty) years by the CA.

#### 6.3.2. Certificate Operational Periods and Key Pair Usage Periods

The term for QECs issued by TURKTRUST is 1 (one), 2 (two) or 3 (three) year(s). For the sake of cryptographic security of the key pairs, the total validity period with the same content for QECs cannot exceed 3 (three) years.

The term for root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities cannot exceed 10 (ten) years. At the end of this term, re-keying shall absolutely take place when certificates are renewed.

#### 6.4. Activation Data

#### 6.4.1. Activation Data Generation and Installation

Activation data refers to a passphrase, password, PIN or else any private data that are used to operate private keys.

The generation of the keys belonging to TURKTRUST sub-root and root certificates and the creation of the passphrases to them is done according to the ceremony described in the Root Certification Procedure. The private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's cryptographic modules in which such keys are located can be accessed by presence of two authorized persons who possess the passphrase as described in Section 6.2.2.

The private key of QEC can only be activated via PIN which can be set by the certificate owner. Before the delivery of a QEC to its owner, a six digit random PIN is generated and set to secure the private key on the smart card. A subscriber, to whom the smart card is delivered, requests the QEC activation code for replacing the random PIN on the smart card which is unknown to the subscriber with a PIN he/she determines by using the TURKTRUST smart card management software. Then the subscriber can determine his/her PIN by using the QEC



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activation code having been sent to his/her mobile phone via SMS again using the TURKTRUST smart card management software. The mobile phone number to be used in this QEC activation operation is submitted to TURKTRUST by the owner during the certificate application process.

TURKTRUST strongly recommends the security items listed below to subscribers of QEC while creating their access passwords:

- At least 6 (six) character long,
- A character in it should not be repeated,
- Not to use birth date or such can be easily guessed data

TURKTRUST recommends to change the activation data at least once in 6 (six) months and determine a new activation data other than the predecessor to its subscribers.

# 6.4.2. Activation Data Protection

The authorized TURKTRUST personnel using the private keys belonging to root and sub-root certificates change access codes at least in 90 (ninety) days. Authorized people are responsible for protection and confidentiality of the access codes.

TURKTRUST subscribers are responsible for protection and confidentiality of the activation data belonging to their private keys in accordance with these recommendations indicated above.

# 6.4.3. Other Aspects of Activation Data

In QEC activation method, the PIN is not transported in any electronic or physical way. The initial random PIN is kept in encrypted form in TURKTRUST database, and any user's access is turned off. In order to decrypt the code and access it from the database, the subscriber should connect the card to the PC and request QEC activation through the TURKTRUST smart card management software. Even in this case, the subscriber's PC and TURKTRUST server communicate in encrypted manner. Thus, security of the PIN of the card which is delivered to its owner is not less than any time during the life cycle of the card.

#### **6.5. Computer Security Controls**

#### 6.5.1. Specific Computer Security Technical Requirements

Under the certification business processes carried out by TURKTRUST, the following security controls are implemented to access and operate all information systems:

- Computer systems utilize secure and certified hardware and software products.
- Computer systems are protected against unauthorized access and security gaps. Controls for penetration and intrusion have been established and such controls have been validated by relevant tests and ensured for continuity.
- Computer systems are protected against viruses, malicious and unauthorized software.
- Computer systems are protected against network security hacking.
- Access rights to computer systems and authentication are ensured by passwords supplied to TURKTRUST's personnel.

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- Access rights to computers have been limited to the roles assigned to authorized persons.
- In particular, all transactions peculiar to CA services such as certificate enrollment, generation, suspension, revocation are saved in the database. In order to prevent unauthorized access and unintended modification of the database, several physical and electronic measures are taken at different access levels of authentication. Logical consistency at the database level adds another measure of security to preclude modification of a revocation status which would otherwise be assumed to be irreversible.
- Data communications are handled securely between the units that make up the computer system.
- Since operational records are constantly logged, problems that may arise in the computer systems can be identified in short time and accurately.
- TURKTRUST uses trustworthy systems and products that are protected against modifications. In this regard, recommendations of CWA 14167-1 standard are strictly followed under continuous auditing of the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

# 6.5.2. Computer Security Rating

Not applicable.

# 6.6. Life Cycle Technical Controls

#### 6.6.1. System Development Controls

System development controls are applied for development facility security (through facility security clearance certifications), development environment security, development personnel security, configuration management security during product maintenance and software development methodology (through ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO 9001 certifications). Details about these aspects and change management are documented in Design Control Procedure, Information Systems Acquisition, Development and Maintenance Procedure.

#### 6.6.2. Security Management Controls

Appropriate tools are used and security procedures are implemented to ensure security of the operational systems and the computer network used in TURKTRUST.

TURKTRUST holds the ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management Systems Standard certificate.

#### 6.6.3. Life Cycle Security Controls

Not applicable.

# 6.7. Network Security Controls

Private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities are used in environments where network security is ensured. Such systems are protected physically and technically.

All other systems within TURKTRUST are also protected by appropriate network security methods. All network elements such as firewalls, switches and routers have been



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installed correctly and securely in accordance with the network configuration procedures. Security controls of such network elements are constantly made pursuant to the procedures.

Registration authorities under TURKTRUST communicate records relating to their certification operations to TURKTRUST over the Internet by secure network connection.

#### 6.8. Time-Stamping

During the execution of certification services of TURKTRUST, electronic records for certain operations contain time information synchronized by the time source used for time-stamping services. Data integrity is preserved by keyed hash method and time-stamping is used at the archiving phase.



# 7. CERTIFICATE, CERTIFICATE REVOCATION LIST (CRL) AND OCSP PROFILES

This section of the CPS document describes the profiles of certificates issued and CRLs generated, and the structure of OCSP service by TURKTRUST.

#### 7.1. Certificate Profile

TURKTRUST certificate profiles are based on the documents "ISO/IEC 9594-8/ ITU-T Recommendation X.509: "Information Technology- Open Systems Interconnection- The Directory: Public –key and attribute certificate frameworks" and "IETF RFC 5280: "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile". Besides, TURKTRUST QEC profile also follows the document "Nitelikli Elektronik Sertifika, SİL ve OCSP İstek/Cevap Mesajları Profilleri" ("Qualified Electronic Certificate, CRL and OCSP Request/Response Message Profiles") which was published by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

Field Name	Description
Serial Number	Unique number within issuer scope
Signature Algorithm	Object identifier (refer to Section 7.1.3)
Issuer	Refer to Section 7.1.4
	UTC time encoded in accordance with RFC
Start of Validity	5280
	UTC time encoded in accordance with RFC
End of Validity	5280
Subject	Refer to Section 7.1.4
	Key value encoded in accordance with RFC
Public Key	5280
	Signature value encoded in accordance
Signature	with RFC 5280

TURKTRUST certificates basically contain the following fields:

"Certificate Policy" field in TURKTRUST QEC contains "Bu sertifika 5070 sayılı Elektronik İmza Kanununa göre nitelikli elektronik sertifikadır. (This certificate is a qualified electronic certificate according to the Electronic Signature Law no. 5070)" mandatory statement as required by the Law.

#### 7.1.1. Version Numbers

Root and sub-root certificates and end user certificates issued by TURKTRUST support the X.509 v3 version pursuant to the "IETF RFC 5280 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile" document.

#### 7.1.2. Certificate Extensions

QECs contain the qualified electronic certificate extensions defined under the "IETF RFC 3039 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Qualified Certificates Profile" and "Nitelikli Elektronik Sertifika, SIL ve OCSP İstek/Cevap Mesajları Profilleri" ("Qualified Electronic Certificate, CRL, and OCSP Request/Response Message Profiles") documents.



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QECs issued by TURKTRUST contain the following extensions:

Extension Name	Critical	Description	
Authority Key Identifier	No	Public key hash value of the issuer TURKTRUST certificate.	
Subject Key Identifier	No	Public key hash value of the certificate.	
Key Usage	Yes	Digital signature and non-repudiation fields are set.	
Certificate Policies	No	<ul> <li>Policy Identifier OID: 2.16.792.3.0.3.1.1.1</li> <li>Policy Qualifier Info – CPS: <u>http://www.turktrust.com.tr/sue</u></li> <li>Policy Qualifier Info – User Notice: The phrase "Bu sertifika 5070 sayılı Elektronik İmza Kanununa göre nitelikli elektronik sertifikadır." stating that the certificate is a qualified electronic certificate in accordance with the Electronic Signature Law, no 5070.</li> </ul>	
Basic Constraints	No	CA marked "false".	
Subject Alternative Name	No	Optional. May contain the e-mail address of the subject.	
Qualified Certificate Statements	No	<ul> <li>OID for ETSI TS 101 862 accordance (0.4.0.1862.1.1)</li> <li>OID for the Information T and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey accordance (2.16.792.1.61.0.1.5070.1.1)</li> <li>Optional monetary limit.</li> </ul>	
CRL Distribution Points	No	HTTP URL of the CRL signed by the issuer certificate.	
Authority Information Access	No	Addresses of the issuer certificate and the TURKTRUST OCSP service.	



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QECs issued by TURKTRUST contain the following OCSP extensions:

Extension Name	Critical	Description	
Authority Key Identifier	No	Public key hash value of the issuer TURKTRUST certificate.	
Subject Key Identifier	No	Public key hash value of the certificate.	
Basic Constraints	No	CA is marked as "false".	
Extended Key Usage	No	OCSP signing values are set.	
CRL Distribution Points	No	The URL of the CRL signed by the issuer certificate.	
Authority Information Access	No	Addresses of the issuer certificate and the TURKTRUST OCSP service.	

# 7.1.3. Algorithm Object Identifiers

For signing all the certificates issued by TURKTRUST, one of the algorithms below is used:

Algorithm Name	OID
SHA-256 with RSA	1.2.840.113549.1.1.11
SHA-384 with RSA	1.2.840.113549.1.1.12
SHA-512 with RSA	1.2.840.113549.1.1.13

For QEC, related algorithms are used according to the requirements of the legislation.

# 7.1.4. TURKTRUST Name Forms

Certificates issued by TURKTRUST use X.500 distinguished names.

The full name of TURKTRUST is written in "O" (organization) fields as "TURKTRUST Bilgi İletişim ve Bilişim Güvenliği Hizmetleri A.Ş.". Besides, in QECs, the phrase "Dayanak: T.C. 5070 sayılı Elektronik İmza Kanunu" is written in "OU" (organizational unit) fields, stating that the certificate is in accordance with the Electronic Signature Law no. 5070.



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"SERIAL NUMBER"	Unique national ID for Turkish citizens, international country code with passport number or foreigner ID for foreigners.
"CN"	The exact full name of the subject person.
"C"	"TR"
"L"	Optional. Subject's city of residence.
"O"	Optional. The organization where the subject works.
"OU"	Optional. The organizational unit where the subject works.
"Т"	Optional. The occupational title of the subject.

QECs issued by TURKTRUST contain the following "Subject" fields:

# 7.1.5. Name Constraints

No anonymity or pseudonyms shall be used in qualified electronic certificates issued by TURKTRUST. Identity numbers or passport numbers are used as a distinguishing feature in the names.

# 7.1.6. Certificate Policy Object Identifier

In the "certificate policy" extension of certificates issued by TURKTRUST, the relevant certificate policy object identifier number (OID) indicated in Section 1.2 of this CPS document is used.

#### 7.1.7. Usage of Policy Constraints Extension

TURKTRUST's sub-root certificates may contain policy constraints extension as necessary.

# 7.1.8. Policy Qualifiers Syntax

In the "certificate policy" extension of certificates issued by TURKTRUST, the access information for the CPS document has been provided as policy qualifier in URL form.

# 7.1.9. Processing Semantics for the Critical Certificate Policies Extension

Not applicable.

# 7.2. CRL Profile

CRLs generated by TURKTRUST basically contain TURKTRUST's electronic signature and publisher's information, CRL's date of publication, date of publication for the next CRL, and serial numbers of revoked certificates and dates and times of revocation. CRLs generated by TURKTRUST are in accordance with the document "Nitelikli Elektronik Sertifika, SİL ve OCSP İstek/Cevap Mesajları Profilleri" ("Qualified Electronic Certificate, CRL, and OCSP



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Request/Response Message Profiles") which was published by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

#### 7.2.1. Version Number

CRLs generated by TURKTRUST support the X.509 v2 version under the "IETF RFC 5280 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile" document.

# 7.2.2. CRL and CRL Entry Extensions

CRLs generated by TURKTRUST use extensions defined in RFC 5280.

#### 7.3. OCSP Profile

TURKTRUST provides uninterrupted on-line certificate status protocol OCSP support which is a real time certificate status inquiry. By this service, when appropriate certificate status inquiries are received, the status of certificates and additional information as required by the protocol are returned to the inquirer as the response. The OCSP responses generated by TURKTRUST are in accordance with the document "Nitelikli Elektronik Sertifika, SİL ve OCSP İstek/Cevap Mesajları Profilleri" ("Qualified Electronic Certificate, CRL, and OCSP Request/Response Message Profiles") which was published by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

#### 7.3.1. Version Number

The OCSP service provided by TURKTRUST supports the v1 protocol version under the "IETF RFC 6960 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Online Certificate Status Protocol - OCSP" document.

# 7.3.2. OCSP Extension

In the content of OCSP service provided by TURKTRUST, extensions defined in RFC 6960 may be used. However, it is not mandatory to use all extensions other than the basic OCSP information.



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# 8. COMPLIANCE AUDIT AND OTHER ASSESSMENTS

TURKTRUST is audited by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey under the electronic signature legislation.

In addition, all CA processes are subject to periodical compliance audit, in terms of continuity of the information security management system, pursuant to the ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System certificates.

Provision of CA services and security conditions related to operations are kept under control via an internal audit plan.

TURKTRUST carries out risk assessments according to the ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System. Therefore, business risks are evaluated and the necessary security conditions and operational procedures are determined. The risk analysis is regularly reviewed and revised if necessary.

#### 8.1. Frequency and Circumstances of Assessment

The Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey, as the regulating and auditing Agency, conducts audits as it deems necessary ex officio. During the audit, it is mandatory that certification authorities and relevant persons fulfill the requests of auditors in providing all books, documents, and records, access to management premises, buildings and extensions, taking written and verbal information, taking samples, and auditing operations and accounts.

Pursuant to the ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System certificates, follow-up audits on a yearly basis and a recertification audit in every third year are conducted.

Internal audit of ECSP processes are conducted every three months, whereas the ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System processes are audited internally twice a year.

#### 8.2. Identification and Qualifications of Assessor

The Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey is the regulating and auditing agency designated by the Law.

The ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System certifications shall be conducted by authorized assessor.

TURKTRUST's corporate internal audit is conducted by TURKTRUST's authorized personnel. The internal audit is conducted by the Information Security Management System and Quality Management System personnel within TURKTRUST.

#### 8.3. Assessor's Relationship to Assessed Entity

The Information and Communications Technologies Authority which is the auditor is the regulatory organization authorized by the Law to audit all CAs operating in the field of QECs in Turkey.

The ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System certifications shall be conducted by independent, authorized assessor.



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TURKTRUST's institutional internal audit is conducted by TURKTRUST's authorized personnel.

#### 8.4. Topics Covered by Assessment

The audit by The Information and Communications Technologies Authority covers, within the framework of authority entrusted by the Law, all processes relating to TURKTRUST's electronic certification services, technical infrastructures used in providing such services and the facilities where such services are provided.

The ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System certifications cover TURKTRUST's electronic certification and time-stamping services.

The internal audit covers all matters that fall under the legal audit.

#### 8.5. Actions Taken as a Result of Deficiency

During the audits conducted by The Information and Communications Technologies Authority pursuant to the Regulation, if any matter so significant as to adversely affect TURKTRUST's activities and operation are found out, sanctions and penalties are imposed as indicated in the legislation.

Any deficiencies found out during the ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System may lead to revocation of the certificate if such deficiencies are of major extent. Minor deficiencies shall be remedied by TURKTRUST until the next audit.

Deficiencies detected in the internal audits conducted by TURKTRUST are remedied and preventive measures are taken.

#### 8.6. Communication of Results

The results of the audit conducted by the Institution pursuant to the Law shall be communicated officially to TURKTRUST if deemed necessary. Non-communication of any result from the Institution means there is no adverse assessment.

The ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System and TS EN ISO 9001 Quality Management System audit results shall be communicated officially to TURKTRUST by the assessor.

The results of the internal audit are included in the internal audit reports and submitted to evaluation by the relevant authorized persons.



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# 9. OTHER BUSINESS AND LEGAL MATTERS

This section of the CPS document describes TURKTRUST's commercial and legal practice and service conditions that should be fulfilled for certification processes.

#### 9.1. Fees

#### 9.1.1. Certificate Issuance and Renewal Fees

Qualified electronic certificates issued by TURKTRUST are priced according to their validity periods and to the extent of material transaction limits included, and according to certificate generation costs and market conditions. A higher material transaction limit is reflected to the certificate prices at the higher certificate financial liability insurance premiums.

Updated certificate price schedules are announced to customers at the TURKTRUST website and through other appropriate communication channels.

#### 9.1.2. Certificate Access Fees

Certificates issued by TURKTRUST are kept accessible to the public provided that subscribers consent in writing.

No fees shall be charged for certificate access services.

# 9.1.3. Revocation or Status Information Access Fees

Revocation or status information for certificates issued by TURKTRUST are kept accessible to relying people by way of CRLs and OCSP service.

No fees shall be charged for access services to revocation or status information for QECs as required by the Law.

#### 9.1.4. Fees for Other Services

TURKTRUST does not charge fees for manuals and documents such as CP, CPS, subscriber's and certificate services commitments published to the public.

Fees for other products and services which are offered to customers with added value are announced to customers at the website and through other appropriate communication channels.

#### 9.1.5. Refund Policy

TURKTRUST does not refund for QECs. However, if the certificate contains information different than that on the application due to causes attributable to TURKTRUST, a new certificate shall be issued free of charge, or it is refunded upon request.

#### 9.2. Financial Responsibility

TURKTRUST is under obligation to carry certificate financial liability insurance to cover the damages that would arise from its failure to perform its obligations under the Law. Conditions regarding the insurance are included in the "Certificate Financial Insurance Liability Regulation" promulgated in the Official Gazette dated 26 August 2004 issue 25565 and respective communiqués.

#### 9.2.1. Insurance Coverage

Pursuant to Article 6 of the certificate financial insurance liability regulation, certificate financial liability insurance insures the CA for legal liabilities against those suffering damages

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that may arise from its failure to fulfill its obligations to use secure products and systems, provide services securely, prevent imitation and falsification.

#### 9.2.2. Other Assets

Not applicable.

#### 9.2.3. Insurance or Warranty Coverage for End-Users

TURKTRUST is under obligation to buy the certificate financial liability insurance for the QECs to cover damages arising from its failure to fulfill its legal obligations prior to delivering the certificate to the subscriber.

#### 9.3. Confidentiality of Business Information

#### 9.3.1. Scope of Confidential Information

The following are included in the scope of confidential information: all confidential commercial information and documents relating to TURKTRUST's certification services, private keys of root and sub-root certificates of TURKTRUST's issuing certification authorities, software and hardware information, operational records, audit reports, access passwords to on-site areas and devices, facility layout and interior design, emergency action plans, business plans, sales data, cooperation agreements, confidential information of business partner organizations.

#### 9.3.2. Information Not Within the Scope of Confidential Information

Information and documents of TURKTRUST which are not commercially confidential, and which should be kept public pursuant to the Law and practices shall be excluded from the scope of confidential information. Certificates issued, CRLs, customer guides relating to certification services, the CP document, the CPS document, information included in subscriber's and certificates services commitments are not confidential.

#### 9.3.3. Responsibility to Protect Confidential Information

All TURKTRUST employees have responsibility in protecting confidential information. Pursuant to security policies, no person or third party other than the authorized employee is allowed to access any confidential information. All procedures relating to ensuring information security are strictly applied and such application is subject to TURKTRUST's internal audit.

#### 9.4. Privacy of Personal Information

#### 9.4.1. Privacy Plan

TURKTRUST, in the scope of certification services provided, protects privacy of personal information of certificate applicants, subscribers or other participants.

#### 9.4.2. Information Treated as Private

Information and documents for identity validation received from certificate applicants and needed during the certification services provided by TURKTRUST shall be used for certification services, and such customer information as demographic information, communications information not included in the certificate's content is deemed private information.



# 9.4.3. Information Not Deemed Private

Information included in the qualified electronic certificates of subscribers who are TURKTRUST's customers and announced to relying people along with the certificates is not deemed private unless otherwise requested by the subscriber.

# 9.4.4. Responsibility to Protect Private Information

All TURKTRUST employees have responsibility in protecting private information of applicants and customers. No person or third party other than the authorized employee is allowed to access any private information.

# 9.4.5. Notice and Consent to Use Private Information

TURKTRUST may use the certificate and information contained therein provided in the qualified electronic certificate application for the purposes set out in this document and subscriber's letter of commitment

# 9.4.6. Disclosure Pursuant to Judicial and Administrative Process

Private information about subscribers required in the judicial and administrative processes shall be given only to the requesting authority or the subscribers themselves.

# 9.4.7. Other Information Disclosure Circumstances

Not applicable.

# 9.5. Intellectual Property Rights

TURKTRUST holds the intellectual property rights on certificates issued by TURKTRUST, CRLs, customer guides relating to certification services, CP and CPS documents, subscriber's and certificate services commitments, all internal and external documents relating to certification services, databases, websites and all products developed in association with certification services.

Certificate subscribers hold the property rights on all distinguishing names and marks included in the certificate's content and owned by the subscriber.

#### 9.6. Representations and Warranties

#### 9.6.1. CA Representations and Warranties

Issuing certification authorities under TURKTRUST represent and warrant that contents of all issued qualified electronic certificates are accurate, identity validation steps have been performed accurately and reliably, the right certificate has been issued to the right applicant and delivered to the right person, published certificate status information is updated and accurate, and they will perform all practice requirements and obligations included in CP and CPS. The procedures and instructions related to each process are determined in details to handle those operations accurately and in a complete manner.

Issuing certification authorities under TURKTRUST fulfill CA obligations stated in Article 10 of the Law and Article 14 of the Regulation to issue QECs.

# 9.6.2. Registration authority Representations and Warranties

Registration centers under TURKTRUST represent and warrant that identity validation have been performed accurately and reliably for the applicants according to the certificate



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types as stated in this CPS document, records are kept accurately, certificate issuing, renewal and revocation requests transmitted to the CA center have been accurate and complete.

# 9.6.3. Subscriber Representations and Warranties

Subscribers represent and warrant that they will furnish updated and accurate information and documents to TURKTRUST during certificate application and renewal and revocation requests, use their qualified electronic certificates under the conditions stated in the CP and CPS documents, and fulfill all obligations stipulated in the subscriber's letter of commitment.

Subscribers of QECs have to fulfill obligations stated in Article 15 of the Regulation along with the stipulations in the qualified electronic subscriber's letter of commitment.

#### 9.6.4. Relying Party Representations and Warranties

Qualified electronic certificate subscribers and relying people are under obligation to check the validity of electronic signature generated based on TURKTRUST's QECs.

#### 9.6.5. Representations and Warranties of Other Participants

Other participants which are comprised of all persons and organizations which TURKTRUST cooperates with and from which TURKTRUST procures services during certification services represent and warrant that they provide the services reliably and accurately and not disclose confidential or private information regarding TURKTRUST's processes and customers. TURKTRUST signs service contracts with service providing organizations in which such representations and warranties are explicitly stipulated.

#### 9.7. Disclaimers of Warranties

Not applicable.

#### 9.8. Limitations of Liability

Qualified electronic certificates issued by TURKTRUST are insured within the material transaction limits for money transactions. Limits of liability regarding the certificates and usages are explicitly stipulated in the qualified electronic certificate subscriber's commitment.

Mandatory certificate financial liability insurance for QECs covers 10.000 TL per occurrence and 1.000.000 TL in the aggregate for the yearly policy term.

#### 9.9. Indemnities

If TURKTRUST fails to fulfill its obligations pursuant to the policies and principles in the CP and this CPS and third parties suffer damages due to such failure, TURKTRUST shall indemnify any such damage.

Pursuant to Article 13 of the Law, TURKTRUST is under obligation to indemnify the damages it inflicts to third parties under qualified electronic certificate services by way of violation of the Law and Regulation. In such cases, if TURKTRUST proves its faultlessness, then it is relieved of such obligation of indemnification.

Where qualified electronic certificate subscribers fail to fulfill their obligations under the qualified electronic certificate subscriber's agreement or letter of commitment and TURKTRUST or third parties suffer damages due to such failure, the subscriber shall indemnify such damage.





# 9.10. Term and Termination of CPS Documentation

# 9.10.1. Term of CPS Documentation

This version of the CPS document is valid until a new version is available.

#### 9.10.2. Termination of CPS Documentation

Where a situation arises that require changing the content of the present version of this CPS document depending on changes and arrangements that may occur in TURKTRUST's activities and certification services, this document may become partially or wholly invalid. In such case, a new CPS document version which covers relevant changes shall be prepared and published by TURKTRUST.

# 9.10.3. Effect of Termination and Survival

Where the validity of the present CPS version terminates, necessary measures are taken to ensure continuity of TURKTRUST's activities and certification services. The new CPS version is prepared before the validity of the old CPS version terminates and the change shall be realized without interruption of service.

Where it becomes necessary to make changes in qualified electronic certificates issued by TURKTRUST due to the aforesaid changes, subscribers and relying people shall be notified and necessary actions are completed rapidly. Practices that have changed due to the new version shall be immediately implemented by TURKTRUST.

# 9.11. Individual Notices and Communications to Participants

All individual notices from TURKTRUST to subscribers shall be made by e-mail. Official papers can be sent as a notice for necessary situations.

Notices from TURKTRUST to relying people shall be published over the web or press media.

#### 9.12. Amendments

Where a situation arises that require changing the content of the present version of this CPS document depending on changes and arrangements that may occur in TURKTRUST's activities and certification services, a new CPS document version which covers relevant changes shall be prepared and published by TURKTRUST upon the approval of the board of management of TURKTRUST.

While the CPS document undergo minor changes that would not affect the use and acceptability of qualified electronic certificates issued earlier, there may be significant changes that would directly affect certificate use. TURKTRUST practice differs for two cases.

#### 9.12.1. Amendment Procedure

Where a situation arises that require amending the content of the present version of this CPS document depending on changes and arrangements that may occur in TURKTRUST's activities and certification services, a new CPS document version which covers relevant changes shall be prepared and published by TURKTRUST.

The CPS document and related practices are reviewed annually during management review meetings.

Amendments to CP shall be reflected onto the relevant practices in CPS. Therefore, a new CP version necessitates a new CPS version. The access data to the CPS document given

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as URL in the "certificate policy" extension of certificates issued by TURKTRUST shall remain the same, but the CPS document indicated by this address is the new version.

Where minor amendments occur, certificates issued earlier shall continue to be used in accordance with the new CP and CPS documents. However, if a new CP version is issued due to significant amendments, the certificates issued earlier which are associated with the amended certificate policy may not be used compatibly with the new CP.

#### 9.12.2. Notification Mechanism and Period

Where changes in TURKTRUST's activities and certification services and amendments to the present CP and CPS documents occur, subscribers and relying parties shall be immediately notified on the updated CP and CPS versions issued.

Particularly in significant amendments, since the usability and acceptability of the certificate may be affected in some applications, TURKTRUST shall use all reasonable means to notify subscribers and relying people. The amendment shall be published in the TURKTRUST website, subscribers shall be notified through e-mail, and where necessary all relying parties shall be informed through the press media.

Minor changes are announced in the web site.

The new CP and CPS versions shall be published in the TURKTRUST repository along with the old versions to include detailed version information and kept accessible to relevant parties.

# 9.12.3. Circumstances under Which OID Must Be Changed

Significant changes realizing in a way that crucially affecting the authentication steps used or the security level of qualified electronic certificate in certificate services, which could directly affect certificate usage and acceptability require that object identifier numbers of the relevant certificate policy defined in the CP document may be changed. In this case, new certificates contain object identifier numbers of the new certificate policy to be implemented.

#### 9.13. Dispute Resolution

Where disputes arise between TURKTRUST and subscribers and relying parties, efforts shall be made to settle such disputes pursuant to the policy and principles laid down in the CP and CPS documents, procedures, commitments and contracts.

Actions relating to qualified electronic certificates shall be conducted under the Law and the Regulation and associated Communiqués.

If disputes could not be amicably settled, then Ankara Courts have jurisdiction for resolution of disputes.

#### 9.14. Governing Law

The use of electronic signature in Turkey which gives the same consequence as of manual signature is regulated by the "Electronic Signature Law" no.5070 and the Ordinances and Communiqués issued by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey. The Institution is responsible for regulating and auditing the CA's operations under the Law.



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#### 9.15. Compliance with Applicable Law

TURKTRUST provides QEC services in accordance with the "Electronic Signature Law" no.5070 and the Ordinances and Communiqués issued by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey.

Dating from 30.07.2013, SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm, which is used in qualified electronic certificate issuance, has passed out of use according to the "Communiqué of Modification Concerning the Communiqué Regarding The Processes About Electronic Signature and Technical Criterias" which has been issued by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey in the Official Journal dated 30<sup>th</sup> of January 2013 and numbered 28544. In accordance with another Communiqué, which has been published by the Information and Communications Technologies Authority of Turkey in the Official Journal dated 19.09.2013 and numbered 28770, the expiration date of the Qualified Electronic Certificates which have been published before 30.07.2013 is specified as 15.09.2014. Accordingly, QEC owners' current certificates with a validity ending date that exceeds 15.09.2014 must be changed with new QECs which are signed by one of the algorithms stated in the Communiqué. TURKTRUST performs the issuance of the QECs, which are evaluated within the scope, just once and free of charge, according to the related procedure.

#### 9.16. Miscellaneous Provisions

#### 9.16.1. Entire Agreement

Not applicable.

#### 9.16.2. Assignment

Not applicable.

#### 9.16.3. Severability

Where any section of the CP and CPS documents become invalid in a manner not to affect the validity of other sections, the unaffected other sections shall remain valid and in effect and be implemented until the new versions are issued by TURKTRUST which reflect the changes.

#### 9.16.4. Waiver of Rights

Not applicable.

#### 9.16.5. Force Majeure

Any circumstance which obstructs TURKTRUST's performance of activities relating to electronic certification service provision and is normally beyond TURKTRUST's control is called a force majeure. While such forces majeure continue to be effective, TURKTRUST's activities may be interrupted or experience problems. Natural disasters, wars, acts of terrorism, failures in telecommunication, Internet and similar infrastructures are deemed forces majeure.

#### 9.17. Other Provision

Not applicable.



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# ANNEX – 1

#### LETTER OF COMMITMENT BY THE QUALIFED ELECTRONIC CERTIFICATE OWNER

- 1. Throughout this letter of commitment, I, as the qualified certificate owner, understand that the following terms and definitions do apply.
  - a) The term "Certificate" refers to the qualified electronic certificate as mentioned in Article 9 of Electronic Signature Law, No. 5070,
  - b) The term "Certificate owner" refers to the real person identified in Article 3 of Electronic Signature Law, No. 5070,
  - c) "TÜRKTRUST" refers to "TÜRKTRUST Bilgi İletişim ve Bilişim Güvenliği Hizmetleri A.Ş.",
  - d) "TÜRKTRUST Documents" refers to "TÜRKTRUST Certificate Policies (CP)", "TÜRKTRUST Certification Practice Statement (CPS)" and "TÜRKTRUST Customer Guides", all of which are made publicly available at TÜRKTRUST's official web site.
  - e) "Legislation" refers to the "Electronic Signature Law No. 5070", the "Ordinance on the Procedures and Principles Pertaining to the Implementation of Electronic Signature Law", and the "Communiqué on Processes and Technical Criteria Regarding Electronic Signatures", the last two of which are published by the Turkish Telecommunication Authority.
  - f) "Signature creation device" refers to smart cards, tokens and similar electronic devices complying with the secure signature creation standards set forth in the legislation.

#### 2. I, hereby declare as the certificate owner that;

- a) I know and accept that secure electronic signature has the same legal effect with that of the handwritten signature,
- b) I read the legislation and the TÜRKTRUST documents,
- c) All the personal information that I have provided to TÜRKTRUST during the course of the certificate registration process, or information I shall give to TÜRKTRUST until the end of the certificate life time, is always accurate.
- d) At any time where I consider to revoke the certificate, I shall do it as soon as possible by notifying TÜRKTRUST,
- e) If and when supplied by TÜRKTRUST, I shall personally receive and accept the delivery of the personalized smart card, token or a similar electronic signature creation device as well as the envelope containing the data required for accessing the delivered device.
- f) I shall protect the signature creation device and the data required for accessing the device against, possession of any other person or persons, any physical damages or loss. I shall also never allow others to use the device.
- g) During the course of certificate registration process or until the end of the certificate life time, I shall notify TÜRKTRUST as soon as possible when a change in my personal information occurs even if that information is not contained in the certificate itself,
- h) During the course of certificate registration process or until the end of the certificate life time, I shall, notify TÜRKTRUST as soon as possible to ensure that the certificate is revoked for the changes of any kind in my personal information that is contained in the certificate itself.
- In cases where there is a risk of usage by other person or persons of the signature creation device or the data required for accessing the device or even the conditions which may bring about such a risk emerge, I shall immediately notify TÜRKTRUST in order the certificate to be revoked,
- j) I .....(please write with a pen "do" or "do not") consent for the publication of my certificate to the third parties for enabling them to verify the electronic signatures created by myself.

#### 3. General conditions,

- a) The qualified electronic certificate has a validity period of 1 (one), 2 (two) or 3 (three) years, according to the preference of the certificate owner.
- b) TÜRKTRUST services are conducted in accordance with the legislation and the TÜRKTRUST documents.
- c) TÜRKTRUST may revoke the certificate upon the request of the certificate owner or in cases where it can be legally approved to do so.
- d) TÜRKTRUST reserves the right to reject the application, or suspend or revoke an already issued certificate, if there is any missing or
- false personal information declared by the certificate owner during the course of certificate registration process.
- e) Certificate owner may request a certificate renewal only prior to the expiry date of a valid certificate.
- f) TÜRKTRUST reserves the right to amend TÜRKTRUST documents in accordance with the legislation and technical requirements.

#### 4. This letter of commitment enters into effect from the date of signature.

CUSTOMER (fill in the spaces below with pen)

National Identity No	:
Name and surname	:
Date	:
Signature	: